The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVI. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1913. NO. 5

IMPROVING RURAL SCHOOLS.

Is the First Step Necessary to Reverse the Drift of Young Men from the Country to the City.

The realization of the significance of rural education, which receives much consideration at all educational gatherings, marks a turning point in American history.

For the better part of a century American education developed one-sidedly, as a city and town matter. To live in the country was to be isolated from the better things of civilization—including education. That the population of the United States was and is predominantly rural did not seem to enter the question. There was a feeling that the country could take care of itself; that the "little red school house" could accomplish everything and nothing; that there was an inexhaustible supply of country school teachers willing to handle an assortment of youngsters of varying ages and abilities, do janitor chores and perform the numerous other duties of the old-time schoolmaster, all for a few dollars per week, with utter disregard of the increased cost of living.

The awakening from this state of blissful indifference toward country life and country education did not come until the drift from the country to the city had become one of the startling phenomena of the age. The economists exhorted boys to "stay on the farm"; but the exhortation came too late. What boy was going to stay on the farm when opportunity seemed to be everywhere else? There were no adequate educational facilities for him in the country; nothing to guide him in his desire to get along in the world; so he went to join the city throng and help diminish the producing power of the fundamental class in society—the agriculturists.

Rural education cannot immediately and entirely reverse this process, but it is the first step. Better rural schools will not only tend to equalize the advantages of city and country in educational opportunity; they will meet the greatest economic need of our time by increasing the efficiency of the coming generation as producers on the land.

Highway Report Wanted.

Advocates of the fifty million dollar loan for the extension and building of good roads in Pennsylvania cannot do more to help the project, and to ease the minds of the objectors and those who mistrust the uses to which the loan will be put, than to bring every influence to bear on having a report made by the highway superintendent immediately. The astonishing thing is that a call for such a report is necessary. Under the act creating the state highway department section 4 specifically sets forth that the commissioner shall "each year submit to the governor a full report of the operations of the department, a report of materials, cost and character of roads built, rebuilt or maintained under its direction, detailed statements of the expense of the department and such other information concerning the condition of the public roads of the state, and particularly of the state-aid and state highways, and the progress of their improvements, as may be proper or required." Delinquencies of this sort furnish arguments that are hard to combat, and heighten the impression already too general that the loan would be dissipated in the payment of salaries to men who are incompetent and have nothing but a claim for political services as a reason for their incumbency of office. Get out the report as soon as possible, and make it an exhaustive one.

Put Prisoners On Roads.

One of the bills introduced for legislative consideration at Harrisburg which merits more than cursory attention by the lawmakers is the measure fathered by Representative Kuhns, of Lehigh, permitting county commissioners to employ prisoners for the repair and construction of public roads.

There will doubtless be an outcry against the bill by those who think violators of the law should be treated for temperamental ills as a physically sick patient would be treated by medical experts, and by some of the contracting interests which might be affected. Claims have been made that Pennsylvania prisoners are made to do contract labor, and Maurer, of Reading, has promised that he would prove such to be the case. If this is so it will be a good argument for the advocates of the road building bill. One thing that can be said for the measure is that it would give the prisoners outdoor exercise. In the interior counties, where stone is plentiful, the method would go far toward reducing the cost of road building and maintenance.

The Pennsylvania railroad company will invest sixteen million dollars in freight cars. This sum will buy about 12,300 cars.

CENTRE COUNTY GRANGE.

Meeting Last Thursday Largely Attended Although the Weather Man Was Unkind.

The weatherman had no regard for the members of the order of Patrons of Husbandry, who met in quarterly session in Grange Arcadia last Thursday, for the day was as disagreeable as it well could be. The attendance, however, was quite large, and there was much enthusiasm.

The sessions were devoted to the routine business, and the hearing of reports of the officers of the various business concerns managed directly or indirectly by the County Grange.

At the noon hour an elaborate luncheon was served, and for an hour and a half—the recess period—every one engaged in social intercourse.

The report of the telephone company brought out the fact that there were now on the seventeen rural lines going out from Centre Hall, Spring Mills, Millheim, State College and Bellefonte, three hundred and twenty-four telephones, a gain of some seventy since the last report. Equally flattering reports were given by the secretaries of the fire insurance company and the Grange Encampment committee.

It was decided to hold a special meeting of the County Grange at Spring Mills some time during next month.

The auditors statement of the Grange Park Association shows the following:

Balance in treasury from last year.....	$ 54 84
Cash received during the yeaf from all sources.....	1458 07
Total.....	$1512 91
Paid out on orders.....	$1252 45
Cash balance.....	$ 260 56

The statement of the Patrons Rural Telephone Company briefly quoted is:

Cash in treasury from last year.....	$ 121 45
Receipts during the year.....	408 76
Total.....	$ 530 22
Paid out on orders.....	352 15
Cash balance.....	$178 06

The accounts of the treasurer and secretary of the Pomona Grange were also audited, and the report made thus:

Amount received during the year.....	$ 102 12
Paid out on orders.....	93 62
Cash balance.....	$ 8 50

The assets of the Pomona Grange are as follows:

10 shares of Centre Building and Loan Association stock, estimated value...	$1500 00
2 shares State College National Bank stock.....	300 00
17 shares Patrons Rural Telephone stock.....	170 00

Another asset is Grange Park with the numerous buildings and equipments; also, the Grange Fire Insurance Company with assets of $55,894.

Franchises.

Dale is a borough in Cambria county surrounded on three sides by parts of the city of Johnstown. It has a light, heat, and power company in operation, supplying the citizens with light at seven cents per thousand. This company desires to enter the city of Johnstown to compete with the citizen's light, heat and power company, and asks for a fifty-years franchise, and will allow the city, after twenty-five years or at the end of any period of 5 years thereafter, to buy the plant at the actual cost of construction, and only charge the Johnstown people seven cents per thousand for electricity, which is 2 cents less than the Johnstown company charges.

The council has passed an ordinance giving the Dale Co. the franchise. The Dale company agrees to pay down $3000 for the franchise, $300 the second year, $600 the third year, and $1,000 every year thereafter. A prorata share of these amounts, comparing the population of Centre Hall with that of Johnstown, would only be a small amount, but it would be sufficient to fill up a half dozen of the chuck holes on Pennsylvania Avenue.

I told your readers in a former article how the Myersdale light, heat and power company offered the borough of Myersdale, in Somerset county, $400 per year, or $40,000 for a ten year franchise of their streets, and that the council demanded $600 per year. Myersdale is a town about the size of Bellefonte. Some towns charge, telephone, telegraph, electric light and trolley lines from 50 cents to $1.00 per pole.

The lessons to be learned from the action of such progressive towns are:

First—The streets belong to the people.

Second—Never give a perpetual franchise.

Third—Never give a franchise without pay.

Fourth—Retain the right to purchase any plant for which a franchise is asked at the actual cost of construction.

Fifth—Remember that if a franchise is worth anything to a corporation, it is worth something to the people.

W. A. KRISE.

METHODISTS WILL MEET IN ALTOONA

In Annual Conference During the Week Beginning March 12 in the First M. E. Church.

The members of the several Methodist churches of Altoona are making elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the 300 or more ministers who will attend the annual Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church which will be held in that city during the week beginning March 12 in the First M. E. church.

This will be the fourth time for the conference to meet in Altoona. In the year 1862 it met at the old First church and again in 1880 it met in the same building. In 1903 the conference was held in the Eighth avenue church.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference includes 330 pastors and it is expected that all will be in attendance unless detained by illness or other unforseen circumstances. In addition to the ministers there will be official visitors, lay members and others interested in various phases of the work of the conference, but many of the visitors will be entertained at the local hotels, paying for their own accommodations.

The conference includes 694 churches, in many cases there being two or more churches in one charge. Over 80,000 members are embraced in the various congregations. The churches are scattered over 32 counties of the state. The conference is one of the largest in Methodism and it it expected that the Altoona meeting will be the largest conference ever held in this part of the state. Bishop Earl Crenston, of Washington, D. C., will be in charge.

Star Chamber Meeting of Council.

The Centre Hall borough council held a star chamber meeting on Thursday evening. It was called a "special" meeting to reorganize, and was conducted behind locked doors in the private office of the Penns Valley bank, and was all over before 7:30 o'clock. So speedily was the work done that one of the members of the body was unable to reach the scene of action in time, and so quietly that not a citizen of the borough knew of the sitting of this august body.

An effort is being made to conduct the public business of this borough in a secret manner. Why this should be done is a mystery. To hold meetings behind closed doors in private offices suggests crooked actions. Borough officials ought to be fair, they ought to be honorable, they ought to be honest. If they mean to be fair, and honorable and honest they will not hesitate to transact business in the open. These men as borough officers have no private business; no business to transact that will warrant holding meetings behind closed doors.

There has not been a meeting of the council, legal or otherwise, for nearly two months, yet the auditor's statement does not show an unpaid bill. If the statement is true, the bills must have been paid irregularly.

How Smallpox is Spread.

From Bellefonte smallpox was carried to Johnstown by Miss Blanche Reiber, of Colyer. Miss Reiber had been visiting in Bellefonte, and from there went to the home of her brother, W. A. Reiber. Monday of last week she became ill, and on Thursday following eruptions appeared that the health officer pronounced smallpox. Later Curtis Reiber, a son of W. A. Reiber, became ill of the same disease. The Reiber home was quarantined, and all the employes of the Citizens' Light Company, of which Mr. Reiber is the secretary, were vaccinated, and the health officers now think that the precautionary measures resorted to will be effective.

Special Meeting of County Grange.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will hold a special meeting in the hall of Spring Mills Grange on Thursday, February 6th, at 9 a. m., and continue in session the entire day. All members of the Grange are cordially invited.

The 5th Degree will be conferred at 2 p. m.

It is urged that there be a general attendance.

LEONARD RHONE, Master.
D. M. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

Harrisburg's Best Newspaper.

The Harrisburg Patriot is the only newspaper in Central Pennsylvania that is not controlled in politics by party alliances or political advertising. It is a clean, bright, independent and newsy paper, carrying the Associated Press reports and special features which are unmatched by any paper in the territory which it reaches. It is issued every week day in the year and is the paper for the home. The Patriot is the only daily newspaper published at Harrisburg which reaches its mail and rural free delivery subscribers on the same day it is issued.

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D. S. McNITT DEAD.

Injured at National Limestone Quarries Near Milroy on Wednesday—Was Caught by Broken Cable.

Without regaining consciousness resulting from a contusion of the skull, David Sterrett McNitt, of Lewistown, passed away Saturday morning at the Lewistown hospital. Three days previous Mr. McNitt was injured at the National Limestone quarries near Milroy, by being caught and thrown by a cable used to draw a car on the quarry tracks. He was thrown violently upon some rocks, a contusion of the brain being the result. He was taken to the Lewistown Hospital where he lingered in an unconscious state constantly until death occurred.

Mr. McNitt is well known in Penns Valley, and particularly about Centre Hall, where, some years ago, he superintended the McNitt farm, now owned by E. M. Huyett. In speaking of his death, the Lewistown Democrat and Sentinel says:

In the death of Mr. McNitt, Mifflin county has lost one of its most active and influential business men. He was a director of the Citizens National Bank, Lewistown, the past five years; president of the Lewistown Foundry and Machine company the past two years; president of the Dana Lumber company, Lombardy, Ky., the past two years; director of the Maryland Lumber company; a member of the National Limestone company, whose quarries are at Naginey, this county, near Milroy; a member of the McNitt-Huyett Lumber company of Waddle, Centre county; director of the Sunbury & Selinsgrove Electric Railroad company; and chairman of the executive committee of the Lewistown Board of Trade. He was a member of the Lewistown Presbyterian church and at the time of his death was an elder and trustee of the church, a teacher in the Sunday-school, and a member of the public morals committee of the Mifflin County Interchurch Federation.

The deceased was born December 6, 1868, near Siglerville, his parents being Alexander and Sara McNitt. His father is dead and his mother resides at Reedsville. At the time of his death he was aged 44 years, 1 month, and 19 days. On December 22, 1892, he was married to Annie Cummins of McAlevy's Fort, who survives. To the union six children were born, two of whom are dead. Two sons, Allan and Sterrett Mc Nitt, and two daughters, Misses Sara and Frances, all at home. Four brothers, Andrew R. McNitt, of Bellefonte; A. B. Mc Nitt, of Siglerville; J. McNitt of Reedsville and R. C. McNitt, of Midlothian, Md., and three sisters, Nancy and Rhoda McNitt, of Reedsville and Mary T., wife of Rev. William E. Steckel, of Doylestown, Pa., are living.

The greater part of Mr. McNitt's life was spent upon the farm near Siglerville. During the past six years he has been extensively interested in agriculture, lumbering, limestone quarrying and other industries, while residing in Lewistown.

The funeral services were held on Tuesday morning from his late residence on West Market street. Rev. W. L. Mudge, assisted by Rev. W. V. Grove, officiated at the funeral. Interment was made at Reedsville.

Transfer of Real Estate.

H. H. Frederick to Fred. Brouse, tract of land in Boalsburg. $50.00.

F. P. Musser admr to S. Ward Gramley, tract of land in Millheim. $575.

William J. Butler to Penna R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp. $1100.

Americus M. Butler to Penna R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp. $2100.

John Hamilton et ux to E. S. Erb, tract of land in State College. $600.

H. Laird Curtin et ux to Earle H. Leathers, tract of land in Howard twp. $1.00.

Talitha Robinson to W. S. Bressler, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $60.00.

Henry Ellenberger to W. S. Bressler, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $800

Elijah Burd to Virgie M. Kreamer, tract of land in Coburn. $265.

James Huey et ux to Thomas M. Huey, tract of land in Patton twp. $2125.

Jonathan Harter to Simon R. King, tract of land in Millheim. $254.

Walter J. Kurtz et ux to Penna R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp. $1.00.

Thomas Foster et al to Harry N. Eaton, tract of land in College twp. $400.

William L. Woodcock et al to Penna. R. R. Co., tract of land in Boggs twp. $414.

Edward D. Gill et ux to W. C. Smeltzer, tract of land in Spring twp. $75 00.

W. C. Smeltzer to Oscar Gill, tract of land in Spring twp. $75 00

DEATHS.

The Gazette gives this account of the death of a former resident of this place:

Dora May Witmer, wife of James Witmer, died very suddenly at their home in Benner township at nine o'clock Saturday evening, January 18, 1913. She had been ill only one week and was confined to bed only two days. On Saturday evening she complained that her bed was not comfortable and her husband came to Bellefonte and purchased a new one. Before he arrived home his wife had passed to the great beyond. Death was due to acute myocarditis, inflammation of the cardian muscular tissue.

Mrs. Witmer was a daughter of John and Susan Laugher Gingerich, and was born near Centre Hall, March 13, 1859, and was thus 53 years, 10 months and 5 days old. Most of the time since their marriage the family had lived in Benner township. Mrs. Witmer was a kindly woman of sincere christian character and generous impulses. She leaves her husband, James Witmer, and three children: Mrs. John M. Shaffer, of Elizabethtown; Beatrice and Harrison, at home. She also leaves three brothers: John Gingerich, of Sunbury; R. E. Gingerich and Edward Gingerich, of near Huntingdon.

Funeral services were held in her late home on Tuesday morning and burial was made in the Shiloh cemetery, Rev. C. W. Winey, pastor of the United Brethren church, officiating.

Mrs. Alfred E. Miller died at her home in Alexandria, Virginia, Monday night of last week, and last Thursday afternoon the body was interred at Spring Mills, beside that of her daughter, laid there some twenty years ago. Mrs. Miller had been ill but about ten days, and acute indigestion, was the disease that caused her death. The remains were accompanied from the south by her husband, and J. W. McCormick, the latter of Columbia, South Carolina.

The deceased, who before marriage was Miss Jennie McCormick, was the daughter of the late James McCormick and grew to womanhood at Centre Hall. There survives these brothers and sisters: Mrs. F. S. Snyder, Miss Cora, Miss Kate and William McCormick, all of Tyrone; Orvis McCormick, of Spring Mills, and J. Witmer Mc Cormick, of Columbia, South Carolina.

The funeral services were conducted by Dr. W. H. Schuyler, of Centre Hall.

Mrs. Sarah Ellen Hoffer, widow of the late John Hoffer, died at the Hayes apartments in the Bush house, Bellefonte, Wednesday evening of last week. Twenty-three years ago she suffered a stroke of paralysis and ever since she had been more or less an invalid, her condition during the past year or so being quite serious.

Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Pruner and was born at the old Pruner homestead in Bellefonte, and was aged almost seventy-three years. She was one of a family of eight children, five sons and three daughters, and is the last one to pass away.

Forty-seven years ago she was united in marriage to John Hoffer who died in 1885. Mrs. Hoffer continued her life at the old homestead until the death of her brother, the late Col. E. J. Pruner, when she went to make her home with her only daughter, Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes, who is her only survivor.

Mrs. Maria Miller, widow of Lewis E. Miller, of Lewisburg, died at the age of seventy-two years. She was the mother of Mrs. Charles F. Lontz, of Mifflinburg.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Ambrose Joseph Sherry, son of George W. Sherry, of Bellefonte, died in a New York hospital, aged twenty-nine years.

Mrs. Robert Tate, of Milesburg, aged seventy-nine years. She was formerly a resident of Nittany.

John Glenn, of Boggs township, died at Curtin, aged seventy-two years.

To Establish a Stock Farm.

With a view of establishing a stock farm, the Jennings Brothers, of New York, have purchased the country place of Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, near Bellefonte. The firm making the purchase has a stock farm near Buffalo, New York, and the Centre county farm will not be so much of a breeding place as one for development. Both trotting and draft horses as well as Holstein cattle will be given attention.

A petition has been presented in the United State Senate by Senator Gallinger, on behalf of the W. C. T. U., asking that all saloons in the National Capital be closed on inauguration day, March 4th.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

The merchants in Centre Hall have decided to close their stores at six o'clock every Wednesday evening.

George Breon, who was housed up for a week, is about again, and is taking care of the stock for the writer, and preparing it for sale on March 22.

The recent storm blew over the Meyer and Vonada saw mill, on Pine Creek, near Coburn, and also unroofed a portion of the Auman flouring mill, in Millheim.

Fire destroyed the John P. Hackenberg wholesale china and glassware establishment and the Milton Weaving company's plant, at Milton, entailing a loss of $125,000.

W. H. Danlinger and James H. Allport, former Philipsburgers, have just been re-elected president and secretary respectively of the Northern Cambria Street Railway company.

The supervisors of Woodward and Porter townships, Clinton county, were brought before the court of that county on account of the roads. They were hauled into court by the constables of the respective townships.

Samuel Durst and Harry Frontz, of near Centre Hall, one day last week, killed some thirty hogs and shipped them to market. They are farmers, and to facilitate matters the slaughtering was all done on the Durst farm.

The young men of Millheim are preparing a minstrel show, and hope to be able to give the performance some time in February. Alva Green, an impersonator, is booked to appear in that town on February 28, under the auspices of the High school.

The reader who is looking for bargains in staple goods, is requested to read the advertisement of the Stuart store, at Boalsburg, in this issue. Mr. Stuart believes in cleaning up stock every winter, and is offering a large discount just now on seasonable goods.

Miss Edna Bradford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bradford, at Red Mill, has been seriously ill for two weeks. For hours at a time she has been in convulsions. Sunday night her condition was very serious, but on Monday the family was more hopeful.

J. W. McCormick, of Columbia, South Carolina, who was here for a few days last week, hurried home to take care of an electric driven ambulance that cost him over $4000. He is now housed in a three-story fire proof building, and is enjoying a first-class business built up by himself.

Joseph Reish and sister, Mrs. Sue Graden, of Lock Haven, last week visited their sister, Mrs. Isaac Smith, near Penns Cave, who has been ill for several weeks. Mr. Reish is a brother and Mrs. Graden a sister of Frank B. Reish, of Centre Hall, and they also paid him a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Michael will move from the Old Fort to Spring Mills, where C. P. Long has secured Mr. Michael's services. George Erhart, who employed Mr. Michael, has engaged Jerome Wilkinson, who assisted Charley Ross in conducting the Mary Potter farm, near Linden Hall.

The Moore property was sold to Emory S. Ripka instead of to his father, A. C. Ripka, as was given in these columns last week. The property consists of a house and two lots, the one lot being occupied by the Goodhart furniture store. The price paid was $4,000. Mr. Ripka will occupy the place after April 1st.

Messrs. J. Witmer and William McCormick, the former a leading undertaker in Columbia, South Carolina, and the latter a manufacturer and dealer in Tyrone, were among the Reporter's callers during the latter part of last week. They were called to Penns Valley, their native home, on account of the death of a sister, Mrs. Miller, mention of which appears in this issue.

The Commercial Hotel, in Mifflinburg, is being remodeled by a number of business men in that town and will be conducted as a temperance house. The interested parties formed under the name of the "Mifflinburg Realty Company", and have applied for a state charter, the capital stock being $12,000. "Had" Young, known to many of the readers of this paper, will manage the hotel.

Frank Koch, one of the progressive farmers in Ferguson township, is undecided whether or not to leave the farm. In fact, Mr. Koch has turned over the farm management to Mrs. Koch, and he is in New York city taking a course in undertaking, and since even most advanced farming has nothing in common with undertaking, it is altogether likely that Mr. Koch will give the farm over to some one else on completing his course and securing a diploma to engage as a funeral director.

The Centre Reporter

CENTRE HALL, - - PA.

VEAL AND BEEF SHORTAGE.

To remove veal from the hotel menus was advocated at a recent convention of western hotel men in Kansas City as one remedy for the present beef shortage in the United States. A beef steer is but a grownup calf, of course. The latter, dressed and ready for the market, weighs perhaps 80 pounds. Permit it to grow to maturity, thus becoming beef, and it weighs 700 pounds or more when dressed. It is putting the case roughly and perhaps inaccurately, but there is substantial truth in the statement that the slaughter of every calf not only shortens the visible supply of cattle by one, but is a net loss of more than 609 pounds of food. The loss would be the more readily endured, perhaps, were veal a really wholesome article of diet. It is tender and tasteful, to be sure, and much sought after by many, but indigestible and of little food value. There is hardly a question that the health of the people would be distrinctly better were this meat absolutely banished from the national dietary. But the main consideration supporting such a step is that a cessation of the demand for veal might definitely stimulate the growing of cattle in every agricultural community. The farmer, encouraged to raise his calves, would provide himself with facilities to do so, just as in the days before the cattle business was monopolized by the western ranchmen, says the Newark News. The cattle raising industry would be distributed throughout the entire country.

The general belief that Friday is a day of ill luck had its origin in the history of Christ, the crucifixion taking place on that day. Friday, however, by many has been held to be a lucky day, as in Scotland it is a favorite day for weddings. Friday has been a peculiarly lucky day in the history of America. It was on Friday, August 3, 1492, that Columbus set sail on his voyage of discovery, and Friday, October 12, that he first sighted land; Friday, November 22, 1493, that he reached Hispanola on his second voyage; Friday, June 13, 1494, that he reached the continent of America. Some other events taking place on that day in America were the battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775; Saratoga surrendered October 17, 1776, and it was also on Friday, October 17, 1776, that the motion was made that the United Colonies of America are and ought to be free and independent.

What attracts money to New York in seasons of general dullness is the fact that local banks pay interest on deposits by the out-of-town institutions, says the New York Herald. Idle money is accumulated here in excess; unwholesome speculation and manipulation of stocks is thereby fostered, and when the crops are to be moved or business revives and the country banks recall their money from New York banks the latter must take it away from the speculators who are using it to "carry" stocks. Thereupon enforced liquidation by the borrowers, depression in Wall street and sometimes panic. The evil of this accumulation of idle money and its sudden withdrawal has been denounced by committees of the clearing house aft every panic in the last 50 years, accompanied with a recommendation to stop the payment of interest on the deposits of out-of-town banks.

The Chinese have changed their calendar, to conform with the Gregorian arrangement used by the people of the western world, and hereafter they will celebrate the New Year on the same day as the Americans. It is to be hoped that they will not adopt the custom which has been followed by the large cities during the past few years of spending the eve of the first day of the year in reckless carousing and marking midnight with a din of horns and bells and firearms. The money that is spent in drinking on New Year's eve would be better given to the poor, says the Milwaukee Wisconsin. Chinamen who are wise will exercise discrimination in copying American customs.

It has been fully and widely demonstrated in the past that to be shot is a painful and deleterious experience. Why then must Europe call out millions of men to continue the experiment? Does anyone hold out the hope that modern progress has made it hurt less?

Because his wife has not spoken to him in eleven years a New York man wants a separation. Some men are hard to suit.

That $5,000 dog weighing three and a quarter pounds probably never has the fun of running down his own fleas.

Side whiskers are fashionable, but those who cannot grow them can get a comfortable muffler for 50 cents.

PANAMA TOLLS MAY GO TO WILSON

Washington Speculates Upon Outcome of Knox Note.

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE PACT.

Pointed Out That British Protest Was Premature and Is Based On Supposed Not Real Actions.

Washington.—Whether the Panama Canal tolls dispute with Great Britain shall be a heritage of the Taft administration to President-elect Wilson is the principal topic of discussion among diplomatists here. It was admitted that the Knox rejoinder to Sir Edward Grey's note of protest would probably require the interchange of at least two or three additional notes.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty which is the basis for Great Britain's objections to the free tolls for American coastwise vessels granted in the Panama bill expires June 4. Great Britain's attitude is that the actions complained of occurred during the tenure of the treaty and their settlement need not take place before actual termination of the pact.

The Knox note clarifies the situation by limiting future interchanges to these points—that the British protest was premature, being based on hypothetical interpretation of the Panama bill; that the President's proclamation fixing rates, promulgated after the British note was prepared, does not meet these hypothetical objections and that it does not violate the treaty.

It was pointed out that President Taft might submit to Great Britain for ratification the amended arbitration treaty approved by the Senate, but which he has not yet submitted to Ambassador Bryce. Such a profer is directly made in the Knox note, together with a new diplomatic plan for reference of the whole controversy to a joint commission of inquiry.

MARRIED IN HER CASTLE.

Helen Gould Now Bride Of Finley J. Shepard.

New York.—In her turreted castle on the heights bordering the Hudson, near Tarrytown, Helen Miller Gould, eldest daughter of the late Jay Gould, mistress of millions and the idol of democracy, became the bride Wednesday of Finley Johnson Shepard, son of the late Rev. Peter L. Shepard, of Connecticut, and Eastern representative of the Gould railroad system.

The sweet solemnity of the occasion was emphasized by its magnificent simplicity. And after the Rev. Dr. Daniel Russell, pastor of the Irvington Presbyterian Church, had spoken the impressive words that made her a matron, the woman who has been termed "the most beloved in America" sent the following message to the public:

"This is the anniversary of my mother's wedding day. I am deeply touched by all the expressions of good will that have come to me today from different parts of the country."

Later the announcement came that none of the philanthropic work to which Mrs. Shepard has given so much of her time in the past will be neglected in the future.

ALABAMA CENTENNIAL.

Special Tax Planned To Finance Exposition In 1919.

Montgomery, Ala.—A special tax to defray the expenses of the Alabama Centennial Exposition, which it is proposed to hold in 1919 in celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of Alabama's admission to the Union, was recommended in a report submitted by a special committee that has investigated the question. Governor O'Neal is expected to recommend a constitutional amendment which will be necessary before such a tax can be levied. The exposition probably will be held in Birmingham.

BLAZE IN SEMINARY.

One Hundred Girls Have To Rush For Their Lives.

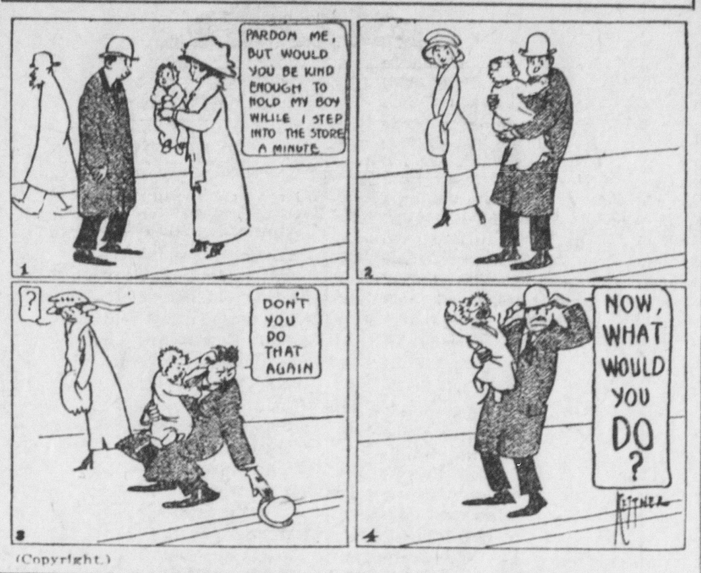
Syracuse, N. Y.—Callanah Hall, the men's dormitory of Cazenovia Seminary, at Cazenovia, was practically destroyed by fire. One hundred and seventy-five students occupied the building, and all are believed to have escaped. Eddy Hall, a dormitory immediately adjoining the burning building, was endangered. One hundred young women, all of whom were asleep when the fire broke out, were ordered into the street, and were not given time to dress.

BIG RADIUM COMBINE.

Plan To Control the Market For It Being Formed.

London.—It is learned here that a gigantic international radium combine, which will control the radium market of the world, is nearing completion. The company has been formed here, backed by influential English and Continental bankers, for the purpose of consolidating the richest radium ore mines in Austria and Portugal.

NOW, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?


PARDON ME, BUT WOULD YOU BE KIND ENOUGH TO HOLD MY BOY WHILE I STEP INTO THE STORE A MINUTE
1
2
?
DON'T YOU DO THAT AGAIN
3
NOW, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?
4

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MANY KILLED BY FALLING WALLS

Fire Follows Crash and Victims Burn to Death.

INJURED ARE MOSTLY WOMEN

Two Buildings, One Occupied By a Department Store, Collapsed Without Warning.

McKinney, Tex.—The most appalling tragedy in the history of this city or county was enacted in the collapse of two of the city's largest brick buildings, both filled with customers at the time.

Until the ruins, which caught fire, are completely cleared from the fatal spot, the exact loss of life cannot be ascertained, but it is stated by Mayor Finch that it cannot fail to be less 35. Willing hands by hundreds tore apart the smoking bricks of the fallen buildings. Hurling aside smoke-blackened and water-soaked timbers and four hours after the collapse the mangled and crushed bodies of seven persons had been tenderly moved by 300 workers and the forms of 13 injured persons carried to the four hospitals of the city or to private houses after emergency medical attention.

The collapsed stores were the three-story Odd Fellows Building, occupied by the dry goods store of Cheeves Brothers, crowded with women and children attending a white goods sale at the time, and the adjoining two-story implement store of T. J. Tingle.

The buildings collapsed shortly before 4 o'clock. The implement house was also doing a thriving business. Those in the buildings suddenly heard a sound of the groaning of timbers. A harsh crackling followed, and clerks and customers alike broke for the safety of the street.

Pressed outward by the weight of the heavy implements and of the stock, the walls of the implement store swayed, sagged and burst through into the department store. In an instant hundreds of tons of merchandise and wrecked and shattered building material roared into a tremendous heap of debris on the site of the ruined department store, piling 30 feet high into the air and settling in a cloud of dust that rose like a pall above the buried bodies, while jagged timbers thrust ugly heads from the mass.

After a moment of stunned amazement, of paralyzed inactivity, hundreds of willing workers pitched into the ruins. Scarcely had they mounted the heap when tongues of flames burst through it, and an alarm of fire was added to the confusion. From all over the city came workers, hundreds of them, and as they came they were formed into relays by Mayor Finch and those assisting him.

As one shift became exhausted another took its place. From a mound of debris the smoking, steaming ruins became a crater. Bricks were hurled aside, timber torn out and cast into the street and mangled and crushed forms were tenderly lifted from the twisted mass of wreckage and hurried to various hospitals in wagons.

THREE HUNDRED PERISH.

Mohammedan Pilgrims Are Overwhelmed By a Flood.

Suakim, Egypt.—Three hundred and fifty Mohammedan pilgrims from India to Mecca were drowned by a flood which overwhelmed the entire caravan at its encampment midway between the sacred city of Medina, Arabia, and the port of Yembo.

MORGAN AND ALDRICH.

Financier and Former Senator Motor Out To Pompeii.

Naples.—J. P. Morgan arrived here aboard the White Star liner Adriatic. Former Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, walked down the gangplank with the financier and they were together all day. In the afternoon they motored out to the ruins of Pompeii where Mr. Morgan is said to have renewed his offer to Director Spinazzeia to finance new excavations.

RENEW WAR IS TURKS DEMAND

Fight Rather Than Give Up Adrianople.

NAZIM PASHA IS KILLED.

Shefket Pasha Appointed Grand Vizier and the Slogan Of the New Cabinet Is To Save the National Honor.

Constantinople.—A crisis in Turkish affairs came Thursday with dramatic suddenness. The grand vizier, Kiamil Pasha, and the Ottoman Cabinet resigned, and Mahmoud Shefket Pasha, formerly minister of war and commander of the constitutional army, which enthroned Mehmed V. as sultan, was appointed grand vizier.

Nazim Pasha, the former war minister and commander of the Turkish Army, was shot dead during the demonstrations here.

Enver Bey and Talaat Bey had given explicit orders that no blood should be shed, but Nazim Pasha's aid-de-camp fired from window of the Porte at Enver Bey and his companions, and they returned the fire.

Their bullets killed Nazim Pasha himself.

In spite of this tragedy there was no disturbance of order elsewhere.

The grand council, representing the intellect and wealth of the nation, pronounced in favor of peace almost at any price. A vast crowd drawn from all classes of the proletariat declared for war, rather than peace without Adranopiel. And because the crowd was backed by general public opinion, the government surrendered and relinquished office, making way for the same men whom the popular movement brought to the top after the revolution of 1908 and 1909.

The resignation of the Turkish Cabinet, in which Kiamil Pasha was grand vizier, was announced in the following official statement:

"The decision of Kiamil Pasha's Cabinet, taken in response to the note handed to the Turkish government by the European powers to abandon the fortress of Adrianople and part of the islands in the Aegean Sea and the convocation of an extraordinary assembly of the Grand Council of the Ottoman Empire, to which the Cabinet's decision was submitted—a course contrary to the prescriptions of the constitutional charter and violating the sacred rights of the people—roused the indigiation of the Turkish nation with the result that the people made a demonstration before the Sublime Porte and brought about the resignation of the government."

In the meantime Talaat Bey assumed provisionally the portfolio of the Ministry of the Interior, and Izzet Pasha that of war. In an interview Talaat Bey said the movement had not been planned, but was the outcome of popular feeling owing to the attitude of the government with regard to Adrianople. If Adrianople were abandoned, he said, disturbances would break out over the length and breadth of the empire. With regard to money, the whole nation would make a sacrifice.

"No compromise is possible," he continued. "The change in the cabinet means that we are going to save the national honor or perish in the attempt.

"We do not want a continuation of the war, but we are determined to keep the Fortress of Adrianople at all costs. That is an indispensable condition to peace."

UNCLE SAM GENEROUS.

Gives 2,000 Women Clerks Holiday To Enter Suffrage Parade.

Washington.—Two thousand women government clerks rejoice at the news that Uncle Sam would not only permit them to march in the woman's suffrage parade on March 3, but would give them a half-holiday for the occasion. It is the first official recognition of the votes-for-women cause by the government of the United States and marks a long step forward.

FIRM STAND FOR NATIONAL HONOR

O'Gorman Eloquent on Panama Tolls Controversy.

HE TAKES ISSUE WITH ROOT.

The Junior Senator From New York Makes a Vigorous Defense Of the Rights Of the United States.

Washington.—"We would indeed create a painful impression abroad, if this mighty nation should surrender to the control of any foreign power, its domestic policies, and the control of its domestic commerce. That we can never do and maintain the prestige, the honor and the glory of this republic."

This reply by Senator O'Gorman to Senator Root marked the opening in the Senate of the fight against the Root amendment for the repeal of the free passage provision of the new Panama Canal act.

"If Great Britain had expended a half billion dollars in an enterprise affecting her people as the Panama Canal does ours, what would be her attitude if the United States should make complaint against her action?" he asked.

Senator O'Gorman declared that "the great remedy" which the Panama Canal bill carried was lost sight of in the demand for its change. The bill was aimed, he said, at controlling the trans-continental railroads and preventing a monopoly in transportation.

Senator O'Gorman replied directly to Senator Root's declaration that the United States was bound by the solemn pledges of its treaties to submit to arbitration the Panama controversy. He declared the latest arbitration treaty negotiated with Great Britain had been defeated in the Senate; while those now in force explicitly exempted from arbitration questions involving the national honor or vital interests of the United States.

"We have ample authority for the conclusion reached in the Senate last August," said Senator O'Gorman. "The question before us is: Shall we permit a foreign government to dictate to the United States respecting our domestic policy? If our right to pursue a domestic right is challenged by a foreign power, our national integrity is assailed if we submit to such intrusion.

"I can conceive of no question so vitally affecting our national honor and integrity as that a domestic policy, devised for the benefit of the United States and affecting the people of the United States, must first be approved by a foreign power."

HOW TO TREAT THE BABY.

Don't Pick It Up When It Cries, Says Noted Specialist.

Chicago.—Dr. Stewart Paton, specialist in mental hygiene at Princeton University, warned against picking up the baby when it cries in an address here before the Mental Hygiene Conference. He said this was the first step toward making this same child, grown to manhood, a mental defective, possibly an imbecile. "The baby soon learns that by crying it may get whatever it yearns," he said. "The next step in development is a nervous child. When about 14 years old strange impulses come into its mind. The more nervous it is the stronger the impulses."

TURKS YIELD TO POWERS.

The Allies May Demand the Payment Of $200,000,000.

Constantinople, Jan. 22.—Yielding to the demands of the powers, which it now appears amounted to nothing less than an ultimatum, the Grand Council of the Ottoman Empire decided late today to cede the fortress of Adrianople to the Balkan allies and to leave to the powers the question of the disposal of the Aegean Islands.

This action, it is believed here, will lead to the resumption of the peace conference in London tomorrow and an early termination thereof, with the allies complete victors in the war with Turkey and in the diplomatic conflict that followed it, without further bloodshed.

AMERICAN TROOPS FIRED ON.

Mexican Rebels Attack Cavalrymen Patroling Border.

El Paso, Texas.—Telephone reports stated that Mexican rebels fired on United States troopers of the Thirteenth Cavalry patrolling the border near Fabens, Texas. Raiding of ranches by rebels in the same vicinity resulted in a fight with American ranchmen, who drove the raiders over the line, wounding one of them.

WOMAN DELIVERS VOTE.

Mrs. Zanewitcher Served As County Clerk In Utah.

Washington.—Mrs. Margaret Zanewitcher, the first woman who ever delivered the electoral vote of a state to the Senate, performed that service for Utah. She has been county clerk of Salt Lake county for the last four years, and was defeated by only four votes in the Republican state convention last September for the nomination of state treasurer.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

Bath's volunteer firemen are soliciting subscriptions for a new engine house.

Charged with slapping Antone Purlock in the face, Peter Dever was held under $200 bail at Chester.

Trustees of the Bringhurst fund spent $1,121.80 for coal and wood last year for poor people in Pottstown.

Her clothing igniting at a bonfire, little Annie Petrick of Swedeland, was fatally burned.

John H. Close will be Reading's new Water Commissioner, to succeed the late Mr. Gallagher.

Four mere boys, arrested as robbers of Rishel & Crosby's store, at New Philadelphia, confessed.

A wail has gone up that Schuylkill county is not brewing more than 254,300 barrels of malt liquors a year.

After a religious argument and riot at Tuscarora, Andrew Kaban was found to be mortally stabbed.

Infantile paralysis has reappeared in York, the latest victim being three-year-old Rosa Herr.

The York Railways Company paid over $5,546.96 as the city's share, or 3 per cent of the gross earnings of the corporation during the past year.

The little Stewartstown Railroad, extending from Stewartstown to New Freedom, in York county, did a record business in freight hauling last year.

For the first time in twenty years fishermen from the Erie port are fishing regularly and getting good catches in January. No ice has appeared on either the lake or harbor. Ice companies say that Erie will suffer from an ice famine next summer unless cold weather sets in at once.

The police of Scranton have so far been unable to apprehend the lone hold-up man who has been working in that section during the past month. Nearly every day it is reported to the police that a resident has been either held up or chased, but no one seems able to give a description of the man.

Miss Adda Burch, of Greenville, has departed for Hatillo, Porto Rico, where she will become supervisor of the Boys' Industrial School, maintained by the Methodist Church. Miss Burch was located at the girls' school at Concepcion, Chile, for 16 years and had been home on a vacation for eight months.

Councilman O. G. Irvin, of Altoona, is one of the Councilmen who is averse to the reagitated movement to have the municipal legislators go on record either for or against the commission form of government. He thinks it is out of place for the Councilman to pass on this question, believing that, since any action will be nothing more than a suggestion to the Legislature it is better to let the citizens themselves do any suggesting they may see fit.

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce at Clearfield, President J. P. O'Laughlin advised the business men that hereafter when they are solicited to invest their money in out-of-town get-rich-quick concerns, or, in fact, foreign investments of any kind, that they refer their offers or propositions to the Chamber of Commerce with a request in writing for an investigation. In this way it is believed much money will be saved that might otherwise get to the "sharks."

Under "Wanderer's Notes" ex-Governor E. W. Hoch, of Kansas, on his lecture tours writes to his home paper, The Marion (Kansas) Record. In a recent issue he writes as follows about Scranton: "If you have the notion that Scranton, Pa., is a dingy, dirty mining town you have another guess coming. It is a big, bright, modern town, rapidly climbing toward the 200,000 mark, and as sure to reach this goal of its present ambition as the Susquehanna River is to flow on toward the sea."

Joseph D. Oliver, freight agent at the Chester station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has a rosebush outdoors in bud.

Bumper crops of last year's yield are housed on the farm of the George A. Barnitz estate, in York township. On this farm last summer and autumn there were produced 1,800 bushels of corn in the ear on 52 acres and other abundant crops. Modern agricultural methods are applied in cultivating the Barnitz farm, which is one of the most productive in York township.

CHANGE THIRD CLASS CITIES

Senator Clark's Bill Proposes Mayor and Councilmanic Body

DAIRY AND FOOD BILLS

Revolutionary Alterations in Municipal Government Do Not Include Ripper Clause—All Salaried Officers to Serve Terms.

(Special Harrisburg Correspondence.)

Harrisburg.—A revolutionary change in the government of third-class cities is proposed in a bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Henry A. Clark, of Erie. It provides for a mayor and a small councilmanic body for the government of such cities. The bill, which was one of the first introduced in the present session of the Legislature, has the support of the Civic Allied Bodies of Third-class Cities, and, according to Senator Clark, has been indorsed by chambers of commerce and boards of trade of many third-class cities. The four principal features of the bill are: A mayor and four councilmen elected at large to conduct the affairs of the cities; initiative, referendum; non-partisan ballot for the election of municipal officers. The bil does not contain a ripper, the measure providing that all present salaried officers shall serve out their terms of office. Under the proposed act the mayor will have charge of the Department of Public Affairs. The other departments created under the proposed law are Department of Accounts and Finance, Department of Public Safety, Department of Parks and Property, each to be in charge of one councilman. The councilmen are to pass all ordinances defining the duties of each department and assign themselves to the departments. The councilmen are to be salaried, and council is to be a continuous body. The salaries under the proposed act range from $250 to $3000, according to population. All present acts of the General Assembly relating to third-class cities are not materially affected under the proposed law, except in so far as to make them harmonize with the four essential features of the bill.

Dairy and Food Bills.

Senator Gerberich, of Lebanon, introduced in the Senate five bills prepared by the State Dairy and Food Bureau for the better regulation of the pure food laws. One is a general pure food bill intended to replace the present pure food act of May 13, 1909. The new measure, according to Commissioner Foust, differs from the act now in force, in that the list of prohibited food ingredients is extended so as to exclude benzoate of soda, sulphur dioxide, coal-tar dyes; in the case of confectionery, shellac or varnish, commonly known as resinous glaze; together with all substances excluded by the present law. The bill also requires the declaration of net weight or volume in the case of package goods ,and eliminates the guaranty clause of the present act.

Another bill introduced is intended to displace the present soft-drink law, and enlarges the list of prohibited ingredients, so as to exclude benzoate of soda, coal-tar dyes, imitation flavors and soap-bark extract. The third is a cold-storage bill, which does not limit the period of cold storage, but requires in the case of poultry, game, eggs and fish, that they shall be labeled, in letters of large size, as cold storage products. The fourth bill provides for the sanitary regulation of food preparations, storage and serving in hotels, restaurants and dining cars. The last bill regulates the sale of codensed milk and milk powders, establishing standards, and requiring such labeling as will enable the consumer to reduce them to the concentration of the milk from which they are made. Mr. Jones, of Blair, presented a bill providing for the denaturing by kerosene of all eggs unfit for food. Under a bill introduced by Mr. Nulty, of Philadelphia, all industrial establishments where power is used will be compelled to give employes at least one minute's notice of the starting of machinery in order to avoid accidents.

All courts of record are required to render decisions in ninety days in all cases of law or equity, unless the time is extended by permission of all parties in interest, according to a bill proposed by Senator Sensenich, Westmoreland. All social clubs and other organizations that sell liquor will be placed on the same basis as licensed saloons, if a bill presented in the Senate by Mr. Judson, of Washington county, is enacted into law. The clubs must obtain a license in practically the same manner as secured by saloons, must pay the same license fees and sell liquors only during the hours that saloons are permitted to carry on the business. The bill carries out the suggestion on the subject contained in Governor Tener's recent annual message. The resolution offered in the Senate for an investigation into the necessity for, number and salaries and efficiency of all officers and employes of the Legislature, State departments, boards and commissions, passed the Senate unanimously. Before it was finally adopted it was amended so that the Democratic House members of the investigating commission shall number two instead of one.

BIG RAFT OF HOUSE BILLS.

Mothers' Pensions and Many Other Projects Introduced.

A bill appropriating $250,000 for the relief of destitute mothers was presented in the House by Mr. Stein, Allegheny, the mother being eligible only when compelled to work away from home and children in order to support herself and offspring. The poor authorities are to administer the fund after the Court approves an application, the amount of relief to be $10 for the first child and $5 for each additional.

Mothers' pensions are also provided for in a bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Sheatz, of Philadelphia. It is applicable to all cities, and the carrying out of the provisions of the act is intrusted to trustees composed of women. Pensions are to be given to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers. The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed $12 a month for one child, $20 for two children, $26 for three children, and $5 a month for each additional child. To carry it out $40,000 is appropriated for first-class cities, $20,000 to second-class cities, and $40,000 to third-class cities.

Mr. Stein also presented a resolution for a commission of nine, three Senators, three members and three citizens, to investigate complaints that mining and manufacturing companies are violating the law against company stores.

Other bills and resolutions were presented as follows:

Mr. Geary, Allegheny—Establishing Child Welfare Bureau in Department of Health.

Mr. Jones, Susquehanna—Joint resolution ratifying the proposed constitutional amendment for direct election of Senators.

Mr. Wiltbank, Philadelphia—Allowing baseball games on Sundays between 3 and 6 p. m.

Mr. Ulerich, Westmoreland—Prohibiting peddling of beer by brewers' agents.

Mr. Rex, Montgomery—Making 18 instead of 21 the minimum age for making of wills.

Mr. Rhoads, Lancaster—Regulating sales of stocks and punishing fraudulent statements made to induce purchases.

Mr. Piper, Philadelphia—Pensioning soldiers who enlisted in emergency regiments in 1862 and 1863.

Mr. Benson, McKean—Ratifying the Federal Constitution income tax amendment.

Mr. Williams, Tioga—Licensing and bonding persons selling agricultural produce on commission; authorizing Forestry Department to lease camp sites on State reserves.

Bills for electrocutions in penitentiaries were presented by Messrs. Keeport, Berks and Hess, Lancaster.

Many other bills were introduced by the various members.

Repeal of Property Bill.

Representative Reese, of Pottsville, introduced a bill suggested by the recent discussion in Philadelphia concerning the Mayor's idea of having the city take, by condemnation proceedings, property on Arch street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, owned by the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Insurance Company, to resell it to the Bell Telephone Company. It is the purport of the new bill to repeal the Act of 1907, which empowers councils to take any property within 200 feet abutting the new Parkway. The telephone company is desirous of obtaining the site for the erection of a 20-story building, but the insurance concern has also prepared building plans and does not wish to yield to the other company. The ordinance of condemnation was passed by Councils, but the Mayor refused to sign it, because of pending litigation by the insurance concern. The hearing will be reopened by Judge Sulzberger. The condemnation ordinance, however, has already technically become law, since the Mayor permitted it to lie, neither signed nor vetoed, for a period of ten days.

Roads to Be Repaired.

The State Highway Department will put the roads from this city and other central points to Gettysburg into first-class trim for next summer, when the celebration of the semi-centennial of the battle of Gettysburg will take place. It is expected that here will be travel to the battlefield from all parts of the country, and especially between the State capital and the old Adams county town.

To Expedite Legislation.

Representative John R. K. Scott, chairman of the Judiciary Special Committee, announced rules adopted to expedite the business of the committee. They make its meetings open to the public and, by giving the fullest consideration to all legislation in its hands and the widest publicity to its action, seek to win the approval of the full membership of the House. The rules compel every bill to be disposed of in ten days and guard the physical possession of the original bill and its immediate report to the House.

Cold Storage Rules.

Licensing of cold storage houses is provided in the Wiltbank bill. The State Agricultural Department is authorized to inspect them and itemized quarterly reports must be made, naming the condition of the storage products, which the inspectors can condemn at any time. Records of receipts and withdrawals must be kept, and all goods must be stamped with date of entry. Food cannot be kept longer than three months under ordinary circumstances, though the inspectors can allow it to be kept longer.

SIGNING OF CHANCE MEANS HARD BATTLE

Frank Chance, Newly Signed Manager of Highlanders.

Farrell's New York American league club with Frank Chance in command is the "dark horse" of the 1913 season. While the other managers welcome him they are willing to admit they have another versatile leader to compete with and believe it will be anything but a simple task. All have watched Chance's career as manager of the Cubs and wished he was one of them. Now that he is in their midst all are sitting up and starting to make preparations for the hardest struggle Ban Johnson's organization has ever known.

This is what Johnson has been striving for since he has been at the head of the American league. It has been his plan for years to have all clubs as nearly equal as possible. Through his untiring efforts he has engineered deals by which most of the teams of his association have developed into pennant contenders. If he had his way every team would be in the first division fighting for the pennant. That is why he worked so hard to get Chance for the Yankees.

Johnson wanted Chance for several reasons. First, he knew it would add to the prestige of the American league; second, he did not want baseball to lose Chance; third, he desires to have a coterie of greater managers than the National league, and fourth, he wants to make Jake Stahl, Connie Mack, Hugh Jennings, Jimmy Callahan, Clark Griffith and the others realize they will have to struggle with New York to win the flag. In addition he is eager to place a man in New York who is competent to compete with John McGraw of the Giants.

Here is what the American league managers think of Chance's acquisition:

Clark Griffith, Washington: "Now I know I will have to fight harder to win the pennant. I fought him for three years with Cincinnati and know what he is capable of."

Jimmy Callahan, White Sox: "I am sure all of us have a tussle on our hands now. With that pitching staff he will make the race a keen one."

Connie Mack, Philadelphia: "This is the season in which the Highlanders begin to be prominent factors in our struggle. Chance, I am sure, will keep us all on the nervous seat."

Jake Stahl, Boston: "Chance's coming only adds another hard team for us to trim. It certainly will make our race a dandy."

Hugh Jennings, Detroit: "I know Chance and know what he can do. I matched baseball brains with him in 1907 and 1908 and lost each time. I am confident his coming will force us all to be on the alert."

Joe Birmingham, Cleveland: "I never met Chance on the field, but from what I have heard of him I know what to expect. You can bet I will keep my eye on him all the time, too."

George Stovall, St. Louis: "Chance's coming means more work for me, for I just nosed out the Highlanders for seventh place. From what I have heard of Chance's ability I can see where the Browns have to step some, but we will be there to try just the same."

ST. LOUIS IS NOT WORRYING

No Cause for Alarm About Third Base Position While Veteran Austin Remains in Good Health.

The St. Louis Browns are not worrying about third base so long as Austin is on the job. This veteran, secured from the New York Highlanders, is capable of filling the position as long as his health remains good. He is a fair hitter and a splendid fielder. It was Austin, by the way, who laid out Pitcher C. Brown last summer on a quick throw to first. The ball hit Brown on the back of the head and things looked serious for awhile.

Third Baseman Austin.

Cleveland Releases Trio.

Pitcher Gene Krapp, Catcher Jack Adams and Outfielder Art Hauger will not wear Cleveland uniforms next year. Krapp has been released to Portland, while Adams and Hauger have been turned over to Topsy Hartsel at Toledo.

NOTES of SPORTDOM

Now watch Chance grab a big chunk of McGraw's popularity in Gotham.

Gotch may have to suppress Zbyszko periodically for the sake of the peace.

Chance was a splendid delayed Christmas gift for New York baseball fans.

And now the Washington Senators are picked to finish no higher than second.

Luther McCarty would fight Bombardier Wells. He is going right out after the "little big" fellows.

Hugh Jennings, after a time in vaudeville, has come to the conclusion that all baseball players are fizzles on the stage.

"Chick" Lathers, who had a trial with the Detroit Tigers, has been shipped to Indianapolis by the Providence team.

Frank Donnelly, who served as an umpire last season, has signed to manage the Springfield club of the Three-Eye league.

Jim Flynn no sooner gets his blackened eye so it looks as if it would heal than he is matched with Cyclone Johnny Thompson.

These golf bugs who cannot find the regular game enough for them but must needs add innovations have our sincere sympathy.

Joe Rivers' punching powers have amazed New Yorkers, which reminds one of the time Aurelia Herrera landed on Benny Yanger.

The management of the Boston American league club has refused to raise the salaries of its players and says the players should be satisfied with the world's series coin.

It is claimed for Wrestler Lurich that he speaks twelve languages fluently. He might challenge Zbyszko in each tongue, to be sure the big Pole understands him.

"There will be no room for any 'fade-aways' on my team," avers George Stovall. He has plenty of young material on his roster.

AWARD RACE TO DEAD HORSE

National Board Declares The Eel Victor in Free-for-All Pace at Hartford Meeting.

A decision rendered by the board of review of the National Trotting association makes The Eel (2:02¼), now dead, the winner of the free-for-all pace at the Hartford grand circuit meeting, September 4. It is the first instance on record of a dead horse winning a race.

The race in which the winner remained in question until this decision, was contested by seven horses, as follows: Sir R. (Murphy), The Eel (McEwen), Don Densmore (Parker), Branham Baughman (Cox), Hal B., Jr., (Ray), Independence Boy (Rodney) and Vernon McKinney (James). The Eel won the opening heat in 2:07¾, and Sir R., according to the evidence produced at the recent trial, was distanced. At the time of the race the judges in the stand gave Murphy's horse as finishing seventh. Sir R. came out and won the second and third heats, thus terminating the race. In each instance The Eel was second. F. W. Entricken, owner of the gray horse, protested the payment of the purse to Sir R., and carried the case to the board of appeals. The ruling body sustained Mr. Entricken and ordered Thomas W. Murphy, driver of Sir R., to return the purse to the Hartford association, and they in turn were ordered to pay first money to Mr. Entricken.

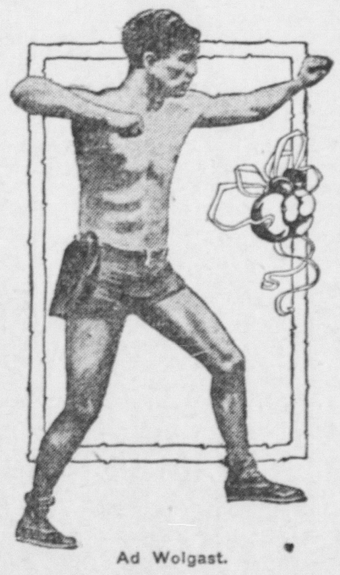
The Eel died three weeks later, during the Columbus meeting, and Mr. Entricken will be made $500 richer by the decision, as first money was $1,000, while on the basis on which he was paid at the time of the race he received but $500. The case is the first of its kind on record.

UNLUCKY YEAR FOR CHAMPS

Many Lose Titles or Have Decisions Rendered Against Them—Ad Wolgast Among Them.

The year just closed has surely been an unlucky one for champions, as many of them have had the misfortune to either lose their titles or have decisions rendered against them.

Those who have lost their titles are Ad Wolgast, the lightweight champion of America; Abe Attell, the featherweight champion of America; Georges Carpentier, the French middleweight champion; Matt Wells, the English lightweight champion; Jim Sullivan, the English middleweight champion,



Ad Wolgast.

and Johnny Evendon, the English welterweight champion.

The champions who have been defeated, but still hold the title of their respective countries are Bombardier Wells, the English light heavyweight champion; Jack Harrison, the English middleweight champion; Dave Smith, the Austrian middleweight champion, and Digger Stanley, the English bantam weight champion.

Carpentier has relinquished his claim to the title, as he cannot make the weight any more.

Jackson Asks to Be Traded.

Outfielder George "General" Jackson of the Braves may be traded to some other club next season, as he does not think the Boston climate agrees with him. Jackson has written to Manager Stallings that he would like to be traded if possible, and prefers St. Louis. He always played in a warm climate before coming to Boston, and thinks he would show to much better advantage if he got away from the Hub.

Pioneer of Baseball Dead.

One man who contributed much to the game of baseball was Ellis Drake, who passed away the other day at his home in Stoughton, Mass., at the age of seventy-six years. He invented the leather cover of the baseball in its present form, but, like many other men, he did not reap the reward of his work, as he did not have it patented.

Davis Back With Mack.

Harry Davis, former first baseman of the Athletics and for years adviser of Manager Mack, is to return to the Philadelphia club as trainer and scout. Davis was let go last year to manage the Cleveland club, a job from which he resigned before the season closed.

Why Red Managers Failed.

Hanlon, Ganzel, Griffith and O'Day failed to fill the hole at short, and that's one reason why they failed as managers of the Reds.

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Don't fail to get my prices.

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AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. 'Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD PORT HOTEL
EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor
RATES: $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

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A graduate of the University of Penn'a Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.
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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1913

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Reformed—Spring Mills, communion, morning; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Tusseyville, communion, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, no service. Preparatory service Tusseyville, Saturday afternoon.

United Evangelical—Last quarterly business meeting for this conf. year will be held in Centre Hall, Saturday afternoon. Rev. H. A Benfer, D. D., will preach at time and place designated. Centre Hall, Saturday evening; Lemont, Sunday morning and evening; Linden Hall, Sunday afternoon. Communion services Sunday morning and afternoon.

Is it the prize hen at the poultry show that is knocking the price of eggs?

Narrowness of vision is a great hindrance to the man born in the late nineteenth century.

Representative Gramley from Centre county is a member of the following house committees: Accounts, bureau of statistics, counties and townships and game.

The inaugural ball has been abandoned at the suggestion of President-elect Wilson. The schoolmaster has a habit of doing things, and in such a way that it gives the least offense. The ball had become a nuisance.

Governor Tener came near gaining a reputation for being a real governor by keeping his mouth shut, but since the legislature opened its sessions, the governor has opened his mouth, and almost every time he made an off-hand expression he said the wrong thing.

The borough council, from the best information at hand, is planning to repair the streets through Centre Hall. It is also learned that instead of redeeming a $500 bond, the surplus funds now in the treasury will be used for the purpose named above. The decision will meet the general approval of the taxpayers.

Representative Gramley was obliged to stand up in the lower house of representatives in Harrisburg and demand that the records be corrected, and that his vote be recorded against William S. Lieb, of Schuylkill county for resident clerk of the house, as that was the way he had voted. Showalter, of Union county, made a similar request, stating that his vote had been counted for a man whom he had not favored for the office. Representatives Gramley and Showalter are commended for their action. They were no doubt singled out as easy marks.

The action of President Taft in appointing James R. McCoy postmaster at Lewistown has the Mifflin county Democrats guessing William F. Eckbert, Jr, is the present postmaster, but resigned his position on account of private business affairs. He has no knowledge that his resignation has been accepted, and Mr. McCoy has no knowledge of his appointment, except the bare mention of the fact in the Congressional Record. Since the senate failed to confirm Taft's appointments, no one can foretell just what will happen. Mr. McCoy is a clerk in the Citizen's bank, and treasurer of the Democratic county committee.

Leib Wins Out.

Leib was elected resident clerk of the house. He is identified with the Penrose machine, and was elected with the aid of Republican progressives and four members who style themselves Democrats.

New Tax Bill.

Among the revenue measures before the legislature is one laying a tax on anthracite coal amounting to two and a half per cent of the market value, half of the tax to go to the counties in which the coal was mined.

Other features included in the report are the defeat of the federal income tax amendment; increasing the tax on automobiles, the return of all personal property tax to counties, instead of three- fourths, as at present and favoring action regarding a state department of charities.

When dandelions and pansies come into bloom in the middle of January it indicates that we are not having much winter weather. Fully developed pansies and dandelions have been found about Centre Hall, 1250 feet above sea level.

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

Mrs. J. H. Price Tells of Excellent Crops in North Dakota.

Editor Reporter :

Enclosed find $2 00 for subscription on the Reporter, as we could not do without the old home paper, which reaches us every Saturday evening, and is eagerly read. I have noticed a great many of my old friends and acquaintances have passed to the great beyond; how sad it makes me feel when I read all these things. But there is this hope, that as we part from those we hold most dear, some day we shall stand reunited never more to part.

We have had a real pleasant winter up to the 4th of January, since then it has been quite cold, but there is not much snow; wheels have been used all winter.

Crops of all kinds, except flax, were the best that we have had in this part of the country for ten years. This is a fine country for potatoes; they were so plentiful that hundreds of bushels were left in the ground to freeze. To give you some idea how well they yield, I will give you my experience with one pound of a new variety which I planted. When I dug the tubers I weighed them and I had eighty-one pounds. A single potato weighed one and three-quarter pounds and quite a number of them weighed as much as one and one-half pounds each.

Wishing you and your paper abundant success.

MRS J H. PRICE

Maxbass, N. D. Jan. 22.

[Mrs. Price before marriage was Miss Mary Emerick, sister of M. L. Emerick, of Centre Hall.]

Editor of the Reporter:

Enclosed you will find one dollar for subscription for 1913. We are always looking for the Reporter at the close of every week, and it is read with eagerness by each member of the family that remembers the old friends in Pennsylvania.

We have had heavy rains this winter, but no cold weather to speak of up to this time. Some of the wheat fields are looking prosperous, while others are thin. Some farmers are busy plowing at this writing.

We extend our best wishes to the Reporter and all our friends.

Yours Respectfully,

DAVID G. SMETZLER.

Bellevue, Ohio, Jan. 27, 1913.

Trial List.

The following cases will come up for trial during the first week of February court:

Christ Decker vs. Samuel Decker, appeal.

Dr. G. S. Frank vs. Miles Twp. Poor Dist., appeal.

George S. Fisher vs. W. J. Mauch, appeal.

The cases coming up for trial during the second week are noted below:

W. C. Lingle vs. Gellathy O'Donnell Co., assumpsit.

Centre County vs. Harris Twp, assumpsit.

J. W. Bruss vs. R. C. Swisher and R T. Conley, assumpsit.

Ohio Valley Clay Co. vs. National Glass Brick Co. et. al., att. execution.

Lamont Hotel Catering Co. vs. W. Weber, assumpsit.

Clay S. Witmer vs. J. C. Meyer estate, assumpsit.

Philipsburg Boro. vs Mrs. R. L. Pierce, municipal lien.

Wm. J. Davis vs. F H. Dale and Wm. Biddle, replevin

Wm. Kowalsky vs. The Jason Coal Co., trespass.

W. H. Roush vs. H. M. Krebs estate, assumpsit.

A False Rumor.

The sale of farm implements, advertised by John H. Weber, has been the cause of a rumor to the effect that Mr. Weber will discontinue the implement business after he has disposed of his stock now on hand. Mr. Weber has no knowledge of the origin of the report, and informed the Reporter that his sale is just what it is advertised to be—a sale of surplus stock, all first-class, and everything that is put up for sale will be sold. This sale however, does not mean the termination of his implement business.

Governor Tener Hits Farmers.

During a controversy with representatives of the Pennsylvania State Grange Governor Tener exposed his ignorance of the tax burden imposed upon real estate, especially farming lands, when he made the assertion that farmers did not bear their just share of taxes. The Pennsylvania land owners very radically differ with the governor.

Spring Mills

Miss Mable Brown spent Sunday at Potters Mills.

John Hosterman spent a week in the eastern part of the state.

Rev. Henney assisted at the funerals of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ertle.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. S. Braucht returned from the hospital on Saturday, and is improving slowly.

Mrs. Lucinda Runkle, at Spring Mills, one of the most aged ladies in that section, is ill.

Harris Township.

W. B. Young is working at Howard.

Mrs. J. H. Jacobs is visiting in Altoona.

E. H. Williams, spent Saturday with his brother at Port Matilda.

John Stamm and daughter Caroline spent a few days in Altoona.

Miss Margaret Weber, of State College, spent Saturday and Sunday at Boalsburg.

Miss Agnes McGowan spent last Thursday with her parents at Bellefonte.

O. R. Gilmen and J. W. Miller spent Sunday at the home of Clem Kuhn, at Rock View.

Joseph Albright, of near Howard, attended to business at Boalsburg last week.

Misses. Sophie Weber and Lucy Barrett, of State College, spent Sunday afternoon at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Emma Stuart departed last Wednesday for Bellevue where she expects to remain until April.

Irvin Johnson, of Oneida, was a guest at the home of Mrs. M. A. Woods from Saturday until Monday.

The ladies civic club will meet in school building Thursday evening next week, promptly at 7 o'clock.

Miss Elsie Stamm, of Altoona, and Miss Neta Lytle, of Benner twp., spent Saturday evening and Sunday at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Charles Segner spent part of this week at Dubois, where she attended the funeral of her brother, John Brisbin Hess.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Keller with their little daughter, from Manor Hill, were guests at the R. B. Harrison home on Sunday.

Mrs. Maria Wagner who visited in Altoona for several months spent a short time at Boalsburg before returning to her home at Tusseyville.

James Fry a graduate of State College who has a position in Philadelphia, was a guest at the home of George Kaup for a few days.

Mrs Ellen Young with her daughter Miss Ruth visited last week with friends at Coburn and Aaronsburg, and also visited the former's sister Mrs. Martin Gilbert at Wolfs Chapel.

An interesting talk on Louisiana lands was given in Boal hall on Monday evening, by George M. Debase, agent, of State College; magic lantern pictures were shown of plantations, orange groves, and etc.

The services held in the Presbyterian church last week were well attended. Rev. Campbell, Secretary of Y. M. C. A., filled the pulpit on Wednesday evening, and Rev. Robert R. Reed, Chaplain of Pennsylvania State College, preached on Friday evening.

The O. A. B. C., "young Lutherans" will hold a chicken and waffle supper, with ice cream and cake, in Boal hall Boalsburg Saturday evening, February 15th. The class has considered to provide funds sufficient to procure the pulpit furniture for the church, which is now being repaired.

The supper given by the ladies of the Reformed church on Saturday evening was enjoyed by a large number of people from Boalsburg, State College, and other parts of the county. The viands were all of the first class, an evidence that we have good cooks at Boalsburg. All are invited to come again Saturday evening, February 15th for another good supper.

Services will be held in the Reformed church next week beginning Thursday evening, February 6th, [illegible] evening Rev. Robert O'Reilly, [illegible] Rev. R[illegible] Preparatory [illegible] evening. [illegible] Supper on Sunday [illegible] 10:30 Sunday evening service will be in commemoration of the 350 th anniversary of the Heidelberg catechism.

Potters Mills

Anna Smith has returned from Altoona.

Harry Wagner spent Sunday with his parents.

Harry Wilkinson spent several days last week at Reedsville.

Miss Anna Burkins visited her aunt, Mrs. Horner, at Colyer.

Mrs. G. H. McCormick and little son are visiting at Aaronsburg.

Miss Laura Faust spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. George Boal.

William Parker and family visited at the home of Mr. Summers.

Daniel Daup and wife, were callers at the home of F. A. Carson on Saturday.

A. B. Kimport and daughter, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Alexander McCoy attended the funeral of his cousin, Mrs. Miller, at Spring Mills, on Thursday.

Georges Valley.

A protracted meeting is in progress at Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Walters, of Mifflin county, spent Sunday at the home of F. W. Zettle.

Mrs. James Foust, Mrs. Mary Ennist and Mrs. F. M. Ackerman spent Tuesday at Potters Mills at the home of George Boal.

Misses Mertie, and Frances McClellan, of Spring Mills, spent Sunday afternoon with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Foust.

OPEN OUT YOUR HAND.

Then Note the Effort It Requires to Keep It From Closing.

Many thousands of years have elapsed since the ancestors of man lived in trees. (It is never to be forgotten that though ape-like forms, they were not apes.) Yet, in spite of these tens of centuries that have passed by, man has not yet forgotten the instinct of self preservation in the forest. As he was a tailless creature he was compelled to depend for his safety on the grasping power of his hands and feet. For many ages, however, he had gradually been going on the ground more and more and in the trees less and less so that his feet became more adapted for walking and his hands exclusively for grasping, with the result that the grip and muscular strength of his hands became immense. This is still most powerfully evidenced in a young baby, which, without muscular development, can within a few days of birth hang by both hands to a stick for as much as five minutes at a time and by one hand only for two or three, a task beyond the power of any adult except an athlete and gymnast.

But a fact which is still more remarkable is that to the present day there is not one of us that can hold his hand open without discomfort and absolutely no one whose hand will stay open at all unless the will is exerted to that end. Try it! Hold your hand open for three minutes by the watch and see how tired you will be! Lay your hand on the table, the palm on the wood, the fingers over the edge, and see how, in spite of yourself, they will curve round and grasp it. Look at the hand of a sleeping person and think if the fingers are ever shown to be out straight.

When the anatomy of the hand is taken up it will be found that on the palm and on the under side of the fingers are numbers of nerves sensitive to touch which respond as readily as the nerves of the eye do to color or the nerves of the ear drum to sound. These were the principal protection of our tree living ancestors, for an immediate clutch at a branch was necessary in rapid travel in the lower branches of great forest trees. The sensitiveness is being lost, but it is being lost slowly. Yet even today we can no more prevent responding to the stimulation of the sense of touch in our hands than to the sensation of light in the eye or sound in the ear.

Disregarding the thumb, the human hand is really nothing more than an adjustable hook. It is at rest only when in the position of a hook. When any one loses a hand the best substitute is a stout metal hook.—New York American.

When a man thinks of his personal interests alone he is apt to lack an essential or two of first class citizenship.

Sale Register.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 8:30 o'clock, on the Van Tries farm, one mile south of Linden Hall, by Charles W. Weaver: Seven horses, 45 head of cattle, 30 hogs, full line of implements. This is a clean up sale in every line; nothing reserved. Frank L. Mayes, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 20th, 9:30 o'clock two miles south of Spring Mills, by J. M. Heckman: Four horses, eight milch cows, 2 young bulls, 11 head of young cattle, 2 brood sows, 1 boar, 16 shoats; also a full line of farming implements, machinery, tools, harness, and some household goods. H. H. Miller, auctioneer

FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 12:30 o'clock, near Old Fort, by Agnes Lutz: Two horses, 2 cows, heifer, and a full line of farming implements; also some household goods.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, one o'clock, at Centre Hall, by S. W. Smith: six horses—three are rising four years; one is rising three years, and one rising two years; one driving mare. These horses are six of nine animals now in my stable. Also, several cows.

TUESDAY, March 25, twelve o'clock, at Centre Hill, on the Strohm farm, by James C. Goodhart. Full line of farm stock and implements, a clean up sale for that farm. F. L. Mayes, auctioneer.

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, one o'clock, at Farmers Mills, by Mrs. M. L. Rishel: Lot of personal property.

FARM HAND WANTED—Wanted, a farm hand, married man preferred, tenant house furnished; Employment the year around. Apply to CHARLES M. ROSS, (0,5 p'd) Centre Hall, Pa., R. F. D.

WANTED—By first of April, thirty-six hundred dollars ($3600), on first mortgage, on large farm at five per cent. Address "A. A. A.," in care of Centre Reporter. (0,6 p'd)

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. The undersigned offers for sale his house and lot on Hoffer street, at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms. Any one wishing to buy a home in Centre Hall without investing much money should make further inquiry of—WILLIAM D. STRUNK. (0,5) Zion, Pa

EXECUTRIX NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel W. Moore, late of Centre Hall borough, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HARRIET T. MOORE, Executrix.
o. 7, Centre Hall, Pa.

Inauguration

REDUCED FARES TO

WASHINGTON

March 1, 2, 3 and 4, 1913

Tickets sold from station within 250 miles of Washington on dates, good returning until March 8, inclusive.

CONSULT TICKET AGENTS

Pennsylvania R. R.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Away back in 1841. Old enough to remember those days? Still used for coughs and colds. Sold for 70 years.

Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

YEAR BOOK of Stark Bro's Nurseries & Orchards Co.

MAILED TO YOU FREE

Just say on a Postal Card: *"Send me a copy of Stark Year Book for 1913."* When writing, also tell us how many trees, shrubs, vines, etc., you will probably plant this season.

This Year Book is more than a mere catalogue of Stark nursery products, it is a practical easy to understand text book for the guidance of the man who plants trees. Our own experience of nearly 100 years, the reports of experiment stations and the opinions of planters from all sections are condensed and reproduced for the benefit of busy people. An encyclopedia of orchard information, containing full size color illustrations of gloriously tinted fruits and many photographic reproductions in black and white; also information on many subjects in which the orchardist is interested.

Hundreds of varieties of apples, pears, peach, plum, cherry, apricot, quince, grape and all small fruits are described; weaknesses of each variety are pointed out and good points are explained. We feel that planters should know both.

Those interested in growing fruits or flowers or shrubs or shade trees will find this book of inestimable value; totally different from the average nurseryman's publications. It is a book you will keep for reference, and one on which you can depend as being absolutely accurate. Write today for your copy.

STARK TREES

STARK BRO'S Nurseries & Orchards Co. LOUISIANA, MO.

Stuart's Annual Clearance Sale

During the Month of February--A Real Money Saving Event

Discounts of from 10 to 33 1-3 per cent. will prevail on practically all lines of goods during this sale. Here is an opportunity for the housekeeper who is ever on the watch for real bargains and ready to take advantage of low prices on first-class goods, made possible only because of conditions which are beyond every merchant's control.

Winter goods have moved slowly; the demand for such goods has not been up to the standard of the normal Winter, consequently our shelves are stocked with goods which should already be in the consumers' hands. This is the only reason for our big discounts, and you are the one to profit mostly.

Rubbers at One-third Off

For men, women and children. Were good values at 35c, 50c, 65c and 90c. During this sale they will go at one third less.

10 to 20 per cent. Discount

AND EVEN MORE, ON

Cotton Blankets, Dry Goods, Underwear, Notions of all kinds, Shoes, Remnants, Odds and Ends

A lot of Hats and Caps at Half

25 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar for $1.25

With each purchase of $5.00. This price on sugar not to be included in order

10 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar for 50c

With each purchase of $3.00. This price on sugar not to be included in order

SWEATER COATS ONE-THIRD OFF

This sale is for strictly cash, and will continue during the month of February. Don't put off coming too long for these bargains will be snapped up quickly. Come often.

W. H. STUART, Boalsburg

DEATHS.

John Brisbin Hess died at his home, at Dubois, on Saturday morning, after an illness of a short duration. He was laboring under a nervous breakdown for some time and took sick on Friday, and passed away as mentioned on Saturday morning.

Deceased was the oldest son of Adam and Mary Ellen Hess, and was born at Boalsburg, March 3rd, 1864, making his age forty-eight years, ten months and twenty-two days. When but a boy he was engaged as a clerk for Daniel Hess, at Linden Hall, later at Pine Grove Mills, and Bellefonte. He spent several years at Curwensville, going from there to Dubois, where he resided until his death. About twenty-two years ago he was married to Miss Ida Williams, of Dubois, who survives with three children—one daughter, Mary, and two sons, Frank and Harry; also, two brothers and a sister: William, of Whittaker; Harry, and Mrs. Charles Segner, of Boalsburg.

Mr. Hess conducted a tea store for some time, and several years as postmaster, some years ago. Two years ago he was again appointed postmaster and held the position at the time of his death. He was buried at Dubois, Tuesday afternoon.

LOCALS.

The Y P. B will meet at the home of Miss Leila Huyett Friday evening.

Clay W. Reesman, of Thoroughfare, New Jersey, was in Centre Hall from Friday until Monday.

A card from William W. Harpster, of Freeport, Illinois indicates that he is on a southern trip. The card was mailed from some point in Mexico.

Michael Spicher, of Pleasant Gap, and niece, Mrs. Robert Zerby, of West Brownsville, were in Centre Hall, on Monday. Both came here on business.

Mrs. C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, is in Selinsgrove spending a few days with her daughter, Miss Miriam, who is a student at the Susquehanna University.

The engagement of Miss Grace R. McClellan, daughter of Rev. W. A. McClellan, Conyngham, Pa., to Mr. Alexander M. McLeod, of Patterson, N. J., has been announced.

The personal property offered for sale by Mrs. Harriet Moore attracted a large number of people to Centre Hall on Saturday afternoon. The bidding was spirited, and everything brought a very fair price.

About two weeks ago W. W. McCormick, of Potters Mills, lost a cushion from his spring wagon while driving between Old Fort and Centre Hill. The finder will oblige by communicating with him.

The marriage of Thomas Beaver and Miss Millicent Prince will take place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Donald S. Potter on Saturday. The holding of the nuptials in Bellefonte has been arranged so Gen. Beaver can be in attendance.

Judge Harry Alvan Hall granted the application for a license at the hotel at Beech Creek. Four hotels in Lock Haven were refused as well as the Kyler house at Mill Hall. The Lock Haven hotels refused were George H. Smith, Junction house; Joseph E McEvilla, Columbus house; Frank A. Albertson, Central hotel; Valentine Sohmer, Pennsylvania hotel. Edward Augenbaugh, Wayne township, was also refused a license.

W. Gross Mingle is considering very seriously of leaving Centre Hall, and is casting about for an opening for something suited to his tastes. He has been in business in Centre Hall as the head of the Howard Creamery Corporation for a number of years, and has also been dealing in other lines to a greater or less extent. The Reporter regrets to see him leave Centre Hall, as it recognizes him as an active business man, and one that make himself felt.

On Sunday two hundred students went out in search for Russell Ewing, of Lewistown, a student at State. Young Ewing had gone to the mountains for recreation, intending to explore the Bear Meadows. He failed to return in the evening, and Sunday an alarm was sent out. About three o'clock Sunday afternoon he was met returning to State, having spent the night in a lumber camp near Shingletown. He had become bewildered, and went to the camp as a place of safety.

After traveling through Central Pennsylvania for a period of thirty-two years as a salesman, James G. Linn retired. When Mr. Linn first went on the road his firm did business under the name of McCullough and Linn, but now it is McCullough and Son, their line being notions. Mr. Linn is a resident of Carlisle, and his reputation for sobriety, fair dealing, honesty of purpose in all things is one to be envied. Many of his customers will very much regret his withdrawal as a salesman, and his acquaintance not in the mercantile business along his various routes will also regret to see him retire. During his long period of service, Mr. Linn never missed a single trip, except about fifteen years ago when he made a tour to the Pacific coast.

Musical at Spring Mills.

At the Grange Hall, in Spring Mills, the Signor Cafarelli concert party will appear as a number in the lecture course, on Monday evening.

So great is the variety of the program, consisting of selections on the harp, violin, piano and bells, also songs and readings, and so skillfully is the classical and popular blended that the tastes of all are suited. An exceptionally fine musical equipment, including a beautiful $1,000 harp, and 140 year old violin, and most melodious bells, materially aid these artists to do the best of which they are able.

Wild Elks for Game Preserves.

Seventy-five wild elks were shipped to three games preserves from the Yellowstone National park. The elks are fat, their coats bright, and the antlers of the stags strong and heavy. Twenty five of the animals were placed in the reserve near Clearfield, on Monday, and the other fifty were divided equally between the preserves at Renovo and Marlington, West Virginia.

Rebersburg.

Miss Emma Meyers is spending this week at Selinsgrove with relatives.

The members of the Evangelical church at this place are at present building a shelter shed on the lot adjoining their church.

James Harbauch, who had been working at Renovo at the carpenter trade, has returned to this place and will spend the balance of the winter with his family.

Wm. Hockman and John Hubler were to Mifflinburg last Friday to attend the horse sale. Mr. Hockman bought a fine team and Mr. Hubler bought a horse.

Scott Stover is spending this week at State College. Mr. Stover is in the poultry business and keeps nothing but the best laying strains, and therefore he is successful in his work.

David Deihl and Robert Smull, who a week ago left this place for Pittsburg, in search of work, wrote back that they found employment in the round-house at that place.

Ammon Shroyer, who had advertised sale of his farm stock and household goods, and who had intended to move to Maple Grove, Illinois, has changed his mind and will stay here and continue to farm the Jacob Kephart farm.

Mr. Rickert arrived at this place on Saturday afternoon from Crawford county with twenty-four fine colts, ranging in age from two to four years. He placed them in the hotel stable and is offering them at private sale. A few weeks ago Mr. Rickert brought the same number of colts to this place and sold them all in less than a week's time.

Rebersburg has a miscreant whose delight is to tear up newly planted trees. Last week Elias Breon improved the appearance of the Union cemetery by planting a number of maple trees. Saturday night, with no apparent motive, the scoundrel put in his work of undoing all of Mr. Breon's labor by uprooting the young trees and throwing them along the street.

Woodward.

A. C. Slifer spent last week at Elizabeth.

Mrs. Wilson Ard and children, of Aaronsburg, spent last week at the home of Dr. Ard.

Stanley Doak, of Johnstown, spent several days last week at the home of C. W. Hosterman.

L. L. Weaver and wife were to Mifflinburg, on Monday to attend the funeral of the latter's aunt.

Mrs. Phoebe Wise spent several days last week with friends in Lewisburg and Mifflinburg.

Miss Florence Guisewite, of Fiedler, spent Saturday and Sunday with her friend Miss Florence Benner.

Rev. W. T. Wentz, P E., of Allentown, and Rev. C. D. Caris, pastor of the Evangelical Association, held communion services in the Evangelical church Monday evening.

Centre Mills.

Miss Minnie Kline is on her way home from the south, and is now at Philadelphia.

N. B. Shaffer, of near Centre Hall, who moves to the Bierly farm near here, is busy hauling implements.

Two small children of William Bair are very ill, the ailment of the youngest child being pneumonia. One of Harry Miller's sons is also ill with the same disease.

The Lock Haven city council was obliged to make arrangements with Clinton county's district attorney to give them until April first to repair the streets, or to appear before court for maintaining a nuisance. Judge Hall is in sympathy with the good roads movement, and since the court may impose either a fine or imprisonment, or both, for continued violation of the road laws, the council desires very much to avoid being brought before him.

Reporter Register.

S. M. Goodhart, Johnstown
Mrs. Nancy Benner, Centre Hall
Roy F. Brandon, Bellefonte
Mr. and Mrs. Perry Krise, Potters Mills

LOCALS

Progress Grange will meet Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. John W. Conley returned from Lancaster where she visited Mrs. Goodman.

Mrs. John Smith, of Lamar, who had been seriously ill, is recovering. She suffered from stagnation of the blood.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Ward Gramley accompanied Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Gramley on their western and southern tour.

Mrs. L. L. Smith and daughter, Miss Ruth, are both suffering from an attack of grip, and are under a physician's care.

About a week ago, Mrs. Adam Neese, of Hartleton, Union county, had the misfortune to fall and brake her arm at the wrist.

Aaron Lutz will make sale of his farm stock and implements, and about April 1st will move to the Hannah Smith property, west of Centre Hall.

The latter part of last week Mrs. J. F. Scragg, of Scranton, and Mrs. T. R. Riley, of Williamsport, came to Centre Hall to the home of Mrs. Mary Shoop.

E. M. Huyett, W. F. Bradford, of Centre Hall, and F. M. Crawford, of Bellefonte, attended the funeral of D. S. McNitt, at Lewistown, on Tuesday.

Lester Cummings, a messenger on the Pennsylvania railroad between Altoona and Pittsburg, was at the home of his mother, Mrs. Rebecca Cummings, west of Centre Hall, over Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Swartz, of Tusseyville, on Saturday morning, while in her yard fell, and striking her arm broke one of the bones just above the wrist. The fracture was reduced by Dr. George Lee.

After being confined to bed for a period of five weeks, Mrs. Maggie Harper is again able to be on the streets. She had been very seriously ill, but is now growing stronger every day, and soon hopes to be able to enjoy life again as before.

Monday morning Mrs. T. W. Simkins went to Hattonfield, New Jersey, where her sister Miss B. M. Schuyler is ill with bronchial pneumonia. Miss Schuyler spent last summer with her brother, Dr. W. H. Schuyler in Centre Hall.

Saturday is the first day in the shortest month in the year, and to morrow is the last Friday in this month, which local weather prophets say will just tell you what kind of weather we may expect during the second month in 1913.

The Evey livery, at State College, was purchased by George Keller, for many years proprietor of the Houserville Woolen Mills. Mr. Keller has over the livery since Tuesday, when the formal transfer was made. Mr. Keller's sons have taken over the woolen mill plant at Houserville.

Prof. Smith, of Bucknell University will deliver an address, in the interest of temperance on Sunday evening, at the Reformed church. Prof. Smith comes as a representative of the Anti-Saloon League. He also comes very highly recommended as a speaker. The public is cordially invited to be present and hear him on this most important subject.

Mrs. Mary Rearick and daughter, Miss Savilla Rearick, returned on Tuesday from Cleveland, Ohio, to which city they went early in the fall to be with a daughter of the former. They were accompanied home by John Rearick, of Sparks, Nevada, who came to Cleveland to visit his mother and sisters, and came on east to the old home scenes.

Mrs. Cleveland Mitterling had been very ill during the past week or more, but Tuesday improved to such an extent that she became conscious, and was able to make her wants known to those about her. During the beginning of the week several physicians were in consultation over her, and a trained nurse, Miss Myers, gave aid in caring for her.

Since the first of January the Reporter added a nice lot of new subscribers to its list of readers. Thanks. A local newspaper can be of much less importance than this paper and yet deserve the patronage of those interested in the community in which it is published. Compared with other business in Centre Hall, the Reporter don't feel that it is called upon to take a back seat, and the cussing the editor gets is usually for the most deserving things he does. Strange, but very, very true.

When you want a reliable medicine for a cough or cold take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Easy.

Lucy—How can I bring the count to his knees at my feet? Nelly—Drop a dime on the floor.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Persons troubled with partial paralysis are often very much benefited by massaging the affected parts thoroughly when applying Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment also relieves rheumatic pains. For sale by all dealers. adv.

A CURIOUS COURT

It Is Held Annually When France Pays Tribute to Spain.

PRICE OF AN ANCIENT PEACE.

After More Than Five Centuries Three Calves Are Still Humbly Presented Each Year to the Haughty Descendants of the Victorious Spaniards.

Every year there takes place in the Pyrenean highlands a remarkable fete. It is held at the boundary stone of San Martin, which separates the French valley Bareton from the Spanish valley of Roncal. Every year the representatives of the French peasants assemble there in order to pay the Spaniards a tribute, which consists of three calves of the same age and the same color, and the delivery of the calves is accompanied by ceremonies which sufficiently indicate that the old inhabitants of the Roncal valley were once victorious over their neighbors.

At 9 o'clock in the morning the mayors of the various villages in the Bareton valley, bravely adorned with their blue, white and red scarfs of office, march up to the boundary stone. In front of the column walks a lad, with a pike, from the point of which flutters a little white pennon as a gage of peace. The three calves are dragged in the rear of the procession at the end of long ropes. Calves and scarfs take up their position by the stone and await the arrival of the Spaniards.

They are soon visible in the distance. In front walks a man clad in sheepskins, who waves a red pennon at the end of a pike as a sign of war. Behind him walks the alcaide of Isaba, the principal village in the valley of Roncal, and following him come the alcaides of the other villages, their staffs of office in their hands. The bulk of the procession consists of shepherds, stern looking fellows armed with old sabers and matchlocks.

The alcaide of Isaba is all glorious to behold in a long black garment fastened by gold buttons, a tall white ruff, tight fitting knee breeches, red silk stockings and buckled shoes. A sombrero covers his head, and in his hands he holds the staff adorned with silver knobs, the emblem in Spain of magisterial dignity.

As soon as the Spaniards reach the rendezvous the alcaide of Isaba steps to the front and addresses them in solemn ceremonial style:

"Are you come to pay tribute and swear friendship according to old custom and tradition?"

"That is the reason of our coming," answer the French.

Then the two standard bearers approach the boundary stone and lay their pikes crosswise upon it. After a few moments the Spaniard takes his up again, sticks it into French soil and then places it as before on the stone. On the cross formed by the two shafts the representatives of the two valleys swear to keep the peace with loyal mind.

Then follows the delivery of the three calves to the Spaniards. They are examined by a veterinary surgeon and accepted, after which all present take up their stations under a shady oak, and, following the example of the good St. Louis of France and Alfonso the Wise of Spain, the alcaide of Isaba enthrones himself among the gnarled roots of the oak and proceeds to act as a magistrate.

Shepherds and neatherds pass before him and prefer their international complaints. The judge listens to both sides, bids them bring forward their witnesses and delivers judgment without delay, inflicting a fine on one, awarding compensation to another, punishing one and affording satisfaction to his victim.

After all the quarrels are settled the alcaide undertakes the appointment of the pasture guardians for both valleys, so that he enjoys even greater authority in the township of Bareton than the president of the republic himself. Finally, they all betake themselves to Spanish soil, where a Homeric feast is set out, and till late in the night the banquet goes on, the descendants of the old warlike mountain peoples drinking together in brotherly unity in commemoration of the conclusion of the peace of 1375 and the installation of the above ceremonies.

About 300 years after this treaty had been made the French began to refuse to pay the tribute, but after some negotiations they consented to continue it in more modern times they tried to get the tribute commuted to a sum of money, but the Spaniards declined, but agreed to forego the firing of guns in the direction of France as being a wound to French amour propre.—London Spectator.

Hard Luck.

Maud—Beatrix has lost twenty pounds lately—her new gowns are perfect successes, her sweetheart proposed to her last night, her rich uncle died yesterday and left her a million, and now she has to go to his funeral today and try to look sad.—Harper's Bazar.

Making Antiques.

An expert cabinetmaker can take a new piece of furniture and make it look as if it was 200 years old—and so can the average small boy.—Chicago News.

Hasn't Been Made.

"Do you give your wife all the money she wants?"

"There isn't that much."—Washington Star.

Advertise it in the Reporter.

PUBLIC SALE OF NEW FARMING IMPLEMENTS, AT WEBER'S MILL, CENTRE HALL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, one o'clock p. m.

There will be sold at public sale at the above place and date a large variety of tools and implements used on the farm, all stock being new, in good condition and the latest makes. A partial list of the stock to be sold is enumerated below:

3 top buggies, 3 open buggies, 5 2-horse wagons—Stoughton and Acme makes, 1 horse wagon, spring wagon, 4 bob sleds, 2 sleighs, 2 sleighs with springs, Black-Hawk corn planters, Buckeye cultivators, Albright cultivators, Oliver riding plows, Oliver walking plows Syracuse riding plows, Syracuse walking plows, Syracuse 24-double disc harrow, John Deere 20-double disc harrow, Imperial 24 and 16-disc harrows, Gaston lime spreader, New Idea manure spreader, Johnston mower, Johnston tedders, 9-hoe Buckeye grain drill, 2-section steel roller, 3-section steel roller, 15 and 17-tooth lever spring harrows, 50 and 60-tooth spike harrows, 16 and 18-tooth Perry harrows, Old's Gasoline engine, 1 1-2 horse power, single and extention ladders, Pittsburg ready roofing; stock, worm and poultry powder; axle grease, oils; harness and top dressing.

The usual sale credit of one year will be allowed on all sums over $5.00.

JOHN H. WEBER,
Centre Hall, Pa.
L. F. Mayes, Auctioneer.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.
In the matter of the estate of George Durst, late of Potter township, deceased.
Letters of administration, D. B. N. C. T. A., on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to
H. F. BITNER, D. B. N. C. T. A.
(0.9) Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS of administration on the estate of William B Mingle, of Centre Hall borough, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
W. GROSS MINGLE, Administrator,
(0.8) Centre Hall, Pa.

Good Tip.

"I should like to secure an audience with your wife." "If you will consent to be the audience it ought to be easy enough."—Houston Post.

The liquor forces are going to have the bitterest and closest fight at this session of the Pennsylvania legislature that has confronted them for many years. Local option is a democratic principle; there is absolutely no argument against it in a land where the voice of the people is supposed to be omnipotent.

About three inches of snow fell on Tuesday night.

If your children are subject to attacks of croup, watch for the first symptom, hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack may be warded off. For sale by all dealers. adv.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts will be presented to Court for confirmation

FEBRUARY 26TH, 1913,

and unless exceptions be filed thereto on or before February 24th, 1913, the same will be confirmed, to-wit:

The 2nd account of John Flack, guardian of Jonathan W. Bradley, helpless child.
The 4th Account of Ezekial Confer, committee of Harry Saylor.
The 4th Account of Dorsey E. Woodring, Committee of Jesse Newton Cowher.

D. R. FOREMAN,
Jan. 24, 1913. Prothonotary.

CHESTNUT POSTS FOR SALE—First class chestnut posts, in small or large quantities. W. H. DINGES, Centre Hall, Pa. 0.7.

WALL PLASTER FOR SALE—Several tons of first-class wall plaster are offered for sale, at very reasonable prices, by S. W. SMITH, Centre Hall

HENRY F. BITNER, A. M., Ph. D.
SCRIVENER AND CONVEYANCER
Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Wills, Leases, Contracts, and other legal papers carefully prepared at short notice. One year experience in law office. Terms reasonable. Bell phone 17-3.
MURRAY'S DRUG STORE, CENTRE HALL, PA.
3-13-1yr.

Hair Falling?
Then stop it! Stop it now! You can do it with *Ayer's Hair Vigor.*
Does not color the hair.
Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Our Mid-Winter Clearance Sale

has met with great success and we wish to thank our many customers for their patronage, but

there are still so Many Good Bargains

on all kinds of clothing, that you can hardly afford to miss them. So come now.

Remember
Sale closes February 1st

KESSLER'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
"Where the Good Clothes Come From." MILLHEIM, PA.

A line of Blankets
A line of high-top Rubber Shoes
Boys' and Men's Caps
Men's Heavy Corduroy Coats

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL

A HOUSE OF CARDS

Old "Pop" Steifel's Great Sacrifice as a Memorial to His Daughter Mina.

By ARTHUR JONES.

"Bends?" queried "Pop" Stiefel scornfully. "Huh! If you fellers wasn't in such a blame hurry to get out of the caissons so as to knock off work you wouldn't be in danger of them."

Though he was only fifty-five, everybody knew old Stiefel, the foreman of the construction company, as "Pop." It is not often that a German is found in charge of a gang; and when he is he is apt to be a man of authority. But everybody revered "Pop" Stiefel because he was known to be a man devoid of fear.

"You see, boys," he would explain to the newcomers, "them bends is caused this way. Under two, three, four pressures the blood gets full of air. Now you got to go back slow, or else when you gets back to one pressure them air bubbles hasn't busted yet, and it's going to get into your heart and kill you, maybe." Which was as nearly scientific as was necessary for their comprehension.

"Bill's anxious to git back to meet that girl of his when the Smith building turns out its people," said one of the men.

Everybody knew Bill's girl. Bill was the popular sobriquet for Mr. William Allen, whose uncle was junior partner in the construction company that was sinking its caissons deep into the edge of the East river, adjoining the Smith building. Allen was qualifying for an engineer by learning the practical details of the work. Miss Elizabeth Strickland was employed in the Smith building, a little three-story structure soon to be pulled down because of age and general decrepitude. It was rarely that the men going to work did not see Miss Elizabeth seated at her desk beside a window on the top story, and looking out to wave her hand to Bill. "Pop" Stiefel, the sentimentalist, as most Teutons are, was once found almost in tears, though he stoutly attributed his condition to the onion which his landlady had placed in his lunch basket that morning.

"Say, you fellers—when I see a nice girl like Miss Strickland and a fine young feller like that feller Bill, it sort

The Quivering Mass Was Temporarily Halted.

of makes me think of my Mina," he said.

Old Stiefel's wife had died two years before, and his only daughter had been killed in a railroad accident a year later. He lived absolutely alone, for at fifty one does not often make new friends.

"What I'm afraid of," he continued, munching his luncheon, "is that that rotten old Smith building's going to fall. Yes, fellers, them foundations is rotten—rotten, fellers. I've been down and I've seen them. Some swindling contractor must have set them down on the mud of the river bed. There ain't one inch of concrete under 'em, fellers. And if that old building falls"—he paused impresively—"I tell you, from the way them foundations is twisted, she falls plumb into the East river, like a house of cards. But don't you say nothing to Bill."

Miss Elizabeth always waved a welcoming hand to "Pop" Stiefel. He would have died for her. She had whispered to him, before anybody else was told, the secret of her engagement to Allen, and had told him he was to consider himself a privileged guest at the little bungalow which was being built for them out on Long Island. She reminded "Pop" more than ever of Mina. He went away, wiping the tears out of his eyes. Soft-hearted and stout of soul, Stiefel was exaggeratedly German, from his bluchers to his spectacles and his thatch of iron-gray hair.

He had gone down in the caisson. Under several pressures of atmosphere the men were pushing the great shield forward, scooping out the soft, cheese-like clay of the river bank and sending up the debris. When the gang's hour was ended old Stiefel remained down alone. He wanted to inspect those Smith building foundations again. He had been worrying about them. Three months remained before the old, condemned building was to be closed. Of course it was not likely that within three months they would give way. They must have been rotten for fifty years; three months made little difference.

Suddenly Stiefel became conscious that something abnormal was happening. In fact, the air pressure had been slightly lowered and a little silt was drifting in. That in itself was not of the greatest consequence. Probably there was a leaky valve somewhere which lowered the atmosphere tension. It had happened before and meant only a few hours' work lost. But this was something different. It was no leaky valve—he saw that now—but a sudden influx of quicksand, probably propelled by the sudden releasing of the pressure of the dead weight of clay that had confined it in its original limits. And it was flowing, not from the south, as it should have flowed, but from the west—from immediately beneath the Smith building.

"Pop" Stiefel knew what that meant. The rotten foundations would simply be swept away. The building, resting on nothing, would collapse as surely as a house of cards falls when the under cards are withdrawn.

The sweat poured down his face. He looked round him in agony. Then he rushed back to the air lock and entered the chamber with the next pressure of atmosphere. One man was waiting there, and he was just about to pass back into the upper air.

"Run!" shouted Stiefel, plucking him by the sleeve. "Run like all you was worth, you feller, and tell 'em the Smith building's going to fall!"

The man caught the horrified look on the old German's face and turned and obeyed. Then Stiefel turned back into the lowest chamber again and waded through eight inches of swampy sand.

"Five minutes!" he muttered. "Five minutes and she falls. But we'll save her!"

He knew that a slight obstruction often checks a vast momentum for a short space of time. And he, with his ponderous body—what better purpose could he serve? So he sat down heavily in the mud, which reached almost to his armpits. As he did so he became conscious that the quivering mass was temporarily halted, like some wave meeting a breakwater. The rippling surface undulated away from him; then slowly it crept round and upward. But he had saved a minute. And a minute meant the margin between death and safety.

He looked at his watch. "Four minutes," he said. "Five. Good. Now let her come!" And the mass rose to his neck and gulped his watch and the hand that held it, and lapped at his chin and nostrils. The old man tilted back his head to breathe. "She looked like Mina," he muttered, as though in extenuation of his sacrifice. And suddenly he saw Mina beside him, her arms outstretched, a look of ineffable love in her eyes. "Mina!" he mumbled thickly. "I'm coming, my dear!" And the lapping sands no longer oppressed him, nor the mud waves that now surged over him.

(Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

DULL TIME FOR ROYAL CHILD

Heir to the Throne of Russia Knows Very Little of the Genuine Joys of Boyhood.

The czarevitch cannot look back upon the joys of early life in the way that most children born to a throne are in a position to do. Nor will any of his European colleagues envy the crown prince of Russia.

From the day of his birth the little prince was put under the care of a Cossack guard, who is held answerable with his life for the safety of his charge. The soldier never leaves the child; he sleeps in the anteroom of his bedchamber. The room is locked, but a series of bells would at a touch communicate with the outside world. Two sentries parade in front of the bedroom door, and a few paces further on is another double guard.

Little Alexis was four years old before his eyes fell on any sight beyond his own small garden bounded by the wall of a courtyard. He did not even play as other children do, for while he was digging in the sand or running about with his only companion, the son of a lady in waiting, other children were acting as his ghosts and running about in another part of the garden to distract attention and make security doubly sure. His own Cossack guarded the imperial child of Russia, while a second Cossack guard simulated duty over the other little ones.

An English tutor entered upon the service of the czarevitch when he was seven years old, but all lessons are done in the presence of the Cossack and of a lady in waiting. Friedborg was the first place the little boy saw outside his own secluded playground, later he beheld the grounds of the imperial residence, and from the decks of the Standart his eyes greeted the Baltic.

On one occasion only was the son of of the czar at a military reception, and the precautionary measures adopted were of the strictest kind. The czar and czarina have tried to prevent any possible risk of their child being poisoned, attacked or kidnaped. He eats nothing until it has been examined by his own special "taster,' who makes trial of every dish before it appears on the table.—Neues Wiener Journal.

Tough Luck.

"Why so disconsolate?"

"I've such a fine formula for getting rid of red ants," pouted the bride.

"Well?"

"And I have no red ants to get rid of."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Often the Case.

The Fat Man—What line are you in?

The Bearded Man—I'm manufacturing a safety razor. What's yours?

The Fat Man—I put up an anti-fat preparation.—Philalelphia Bulletin.

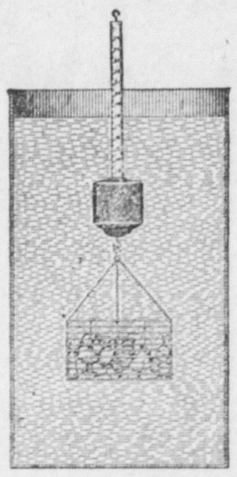
ALCOHOL FROM POTATO CULLS

"Denatured" Liquid Suitable for Manufacture of Varnish and Other Commercial Articles.

(BY A. O. WENTE.)

Alcohol is a substance produced by the fermentation of sugar. In practice there are two possible sources of sugar for this purpose: First, plants naturally containing sugar ready to be converted into alcohol by simple fermentation, such as sugar cane, sugar beets, sorghum, fruits, etc.; second, materials containing starch which may be changed into sugar by the action of malt or acids and then fermented, such as potatoes, grains, etc. Alcohol has been and is now being made from sawdust, but as the processes employed are trade secrets this material will not be discussed.

The so-called "denatured alcohol" is prepared by the addition of such ingredients as will make the alcohol unfit for drinking purposes. It is used extensively in the manufacture of varnish, explosives, chemicals, and many other commercial articles. It



Apparatus for Determining the Starch Contents of Potatoes.

may also be used in various household appliances, both for lighting and heating purposes with much more safety than either kerosene or gasoline. Its cost previous to the enactment of laws making it tax-free was such as to prevent its use in engines and motors, consequently very little was done toward their adaptation to its use. It is, however, being successfully used in both stationary and traction engines in other countries where it can be had at a moderate price, and under similar conditions of economic manufacture would undoubtedly be so used in this country.

Potatoes have been successfully used as a source of cheap alcohol in other countries and conditions in this country indicate that large quantities of potato culls with the necessary starch content are available for this purpose at a price which would permit of the profitable manufacture of alcohol therefrom. Experimental work of the agricultural department distillery has shown how potatoes can be economically handled and practical instructions in the method of manufacture can now be given. This work has been done in a small distillery such as would be suitable for large farms or communities of farmers working in co-operation. Farmers may, if they so desire, obtain from the government data which will enable them to convert frosted or inferior grades of potatoes into a source of revenue, as it has been shown by experiments that these may be made into alcohol at a fair profit.

The percentage of starch in potatoes may me easily determined by means of a specially prepared instrument. An average sample of the potatoes is washed and thoroughly dried. Exactly ten pounds are placed in the wire basket (one potato may be cut if necessary to get the exact weight). The instrument with the basket attached is floated in a tank containing clear water at 53.5 degrees Farenheit. The stem is so graduated that the percentage of the starch can be read directly from it. Potatoes average from 14 to 20 per cent. of starch and one pound of starch in practice yields about 0.071 gallon of absolute alcohol, or 0.079 gallon of denatured alcohol at 180 degrees proof. One hundred pounds of an average grade of potatoes containing 17 per cent. of starch would yield approximately 1.3 gallons of denatured alcohol.

Sulky Plows.

Many farmers have the mistaken idea that sulky plows are not for rock soils. It is on such soils that we find their economy the greatest. Only the driver is required and the weight of the plow holds the shape to its work where often three men—one at the beam—would not be able to do half the work of the sulky nor nearly as well. Their draft will be from 5 to 10 per cent greater than that of the walking plow, dependent upon the skill in adjusting the center of draft right.

Care of Hives.

When the hives are well distributed in a certain space their inmates may be more easily handled. It seems to improve their disposition, especially if there are some trees or shrubs about it. Robbing is not so prevalent, either, and the absence of that always helps to make bees better natured.

Care of Water Trough.

Try putting a pinch of copperas in the watering trough once or twice a month. Better still, scrub out the trough and spray thoroughly with a [illegible] solution.

FOWLS REQUIRE GREEN FOOD

Turnips, Cabbage, Beets and All Such Furnish Change That Is Appreciated by All Birds.

During the spring, summer and fall it is not difficult to supply a variety of green food for the fowls, as any kind of tender growing vegetation is relished by them, but when cold weather sets in, it is very different, and things must be set aside during the fall season.

Turnips, cabbage, beets and all such make good food and furnish a grateful change, which the fowls appreciate.

The scraps and peelings may be fed raw, or they may be put in a pot on back of the stove and allowed to cook gently during the day, and then thickened at night with equal parts of cornmeal and wheat bran, and to be fed next morning as a mash, using care not to give too much, as when the fowls are satisfied they will stand about and refuse to scratch and take sufficient exercise.

SOME COMMON HEN DISEASES

Treatment Prescribed for Several Kinds of Ailments—Sickly Birds Should Be Isolated.

All diseased birds should be isolated.

Colds and Roup.—Disinfect the drinking water as follows: To each gallon of water add the amount of potassium permanganate that will remain on the surface of a dime.

Chickenpox.—Apply a touch of iodine and carbolated vaseline to each sore.

Gapes.—New ground and vigorous cultivation will very often remedy this trouble.

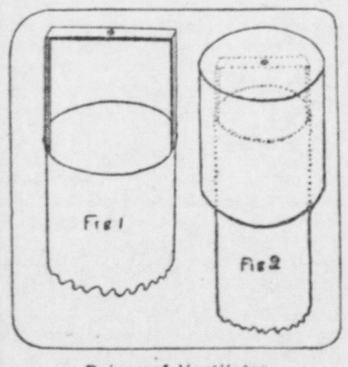
Scaly Legs.—Apply vaseline to the affected parts, and after twenty-four hours soak in warm, soapy water. Repeat treatment until cured.

Diarrhoea in Hens.—Low grade wheat flour or middlings is good for this trouble.

VENTILATOR KEEPS OUT RAIN

Device for Use in Building or Cave May Be Constructed From Joint of Stovepipe.

It is often desirable to have a building or cave, well ventilated, and still have it so that no rain can enter through the ventilator. Such a ventilator may be constructed from a joint of stovepipe and a can, which is at least an inch larger in diameter than the stovepipe it is to cover, and several inches high. A brace, made from a piece of strap iron, should be constructed as illustratetd in Fig. 1



Rainproof Ventilator.

and riveted to the sides of the pipe, says the Iowa Homestead. The can is then slipped over this and riveted through its bottom to the brace. Have the lower edge of the can about four inches below the upper edge of the stovepipe; this should leave a space of a couple of inches between the bottom of the can and the top edge of the stovepipe, to allow for the free circulation of air as shown in Fig. 2.

GARDEN and FARM NOTES

Filth and health are arch enemies.

Recklessness is a short road to failure.

The garden acre should be the best on the farm.

Cut the cost of production by using machinery wherever you can.

The thing that counts is to make every foot of land a producer.

Thanks to scientific methods, the drudgery of farm life is being forced back into the limbo of time.

It doesn't cost any more to be cleanly than otherwise. And there's more profit and satisfaction in it, too.

Scientific farming has joined hands with practical farming in the great work of feeding the nation and the world.

Water containing sufficient mineral to be detected by the naked eye is unfit for either man or beast to take into the body.

The manure that is taken from the barn yard to the field is out of the way before spring work and it makes a great improvement in the farm surroundings.

Root crops, such as parsnips, beets, and carrots, may be prevented from shriveling in the winter if they are covered slightly with dry sand in the bin or box.

A plump, heavy kernel will produce a stronger plant and nourish it better than a shrunken, light one, or than one which has size without proportionate weight.

The farming business is getting to be a big proposition. Farm life of today means more than the daily round of chores, with the long, idle winter spent reading the almanac.

What They Brought.

The teacher, after telling the Christmas story, was questioning the infant class.

"Now, who can tell me what the wise men brought to the baby Jesus?" she asked.

Six-year-old Alexander waved a chubby hand.

"I know, teacher! Gold an' Lincoln cents an' myrrh," he triumphantly exclaimed.

Worldly—and True.

Apropos of Miss Lois Campbell's "billion-dollar debut" in St. Louis, Claude H. Wetmore, the author, said:

"The marvelous growth and prosperity of our city is a phenomenon that holds the eye of all America. Before such wealth as ours one thinks involuntarily of the worldly cynicism:

"'There are other things in the world besides money—and money will buy them all.'"

Really Not to Blame.

"Don't you know I tol' you not t' go swimmin' wid no white trash chillun, eh?" sternly asked Sambo Johnsing.

"But he wan' white befo' he went in," replied Sambo's small son.

For SUMMER HEADACHES
Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Real Test.

Gabe—How do you tell a genuine diamond from a fake?

Steve—Try to hock it.

Married women like to board and pretend that they are doing light housekeeping.

It keeps wives as busy providing for the inner man as it does husbands providing things for the outer woman.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe. Adv.

Adam lost out when he parted with one of his ribs.

PAINFUL, TRYING TIMES

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Housework is hard enough for a healthy woman. The wife who has a bad back, who is weak or tired all the time, finds her duties a heavy burden. Thousands of nervous, discouraged, sickly women have traced their troubles to sick kidneys — have found quick and thorough relief through using Doan's Kidney Pills. The trying times of woman's life are much easier if the kidneys are well.

A North Carolina Case

Mrs. J. W. Wilkinson, Statesville, N. C. says: "I suffered acutely from almost total suppression of the kidney secretions. My usual weight was 140 lbs., but I had run down to 90. Doctors said an operation was my only hope, but I would not consent and was given up to die. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

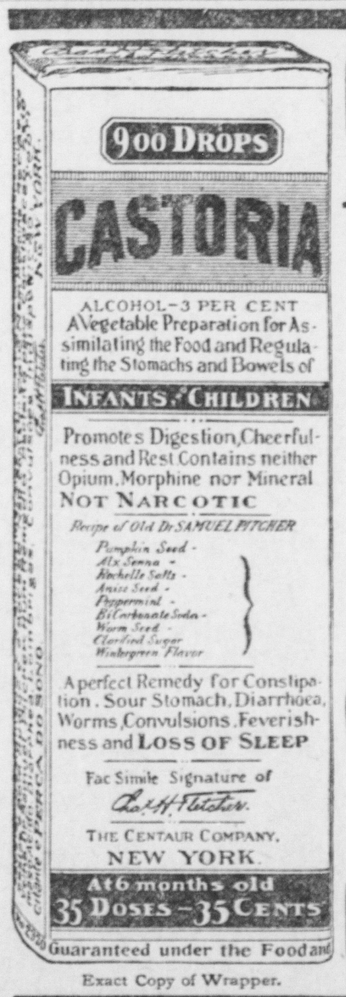
Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES SORE EYES


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

in Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Stops Backache

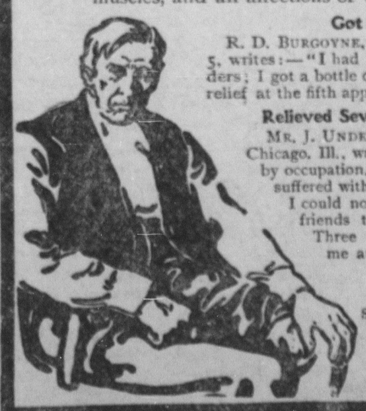
Sloan's Liniment is a splendid remedy for backache, stiff joints, rheumatism, neuralgia and sciatica. You don't need to rub it in—just laid on lightly it gives comfort and ease at once.

Best for Pain and Stiffness

MR. GEO. BUCHANAN, of Welch, Okla., writes:—"I have used your Liniment for the past ten years for pain in back and stiffness and find it the best Liniment I ever tried. I recommend it to anyone for pains of any kind."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is good for sprains, strains, bruises, cramp or soreness of the muscles, and all affections of the throat and chest.



Got Entire Relief

R. D. BURGOYNE, of Maysville, Ky., RR. 1, Box 5, writes:—"I had severe pains between my shoulders; I got a bottle of your Liniment and had entire relief at the fifth application."

Relieved Severe Pain in Shoulders

MR. J. UNDERWOOD, of 2000 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:—"I am a piano polisher by occupation, and since last September have suffered with severe pain in both shoulders. I could not rest night or day. One of my friends told me about your Liniment. Three applications completely cured me and I will never be without it."

Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00 at All Dealers.

Send for Sloan's free book on horses.

Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

COULD STAND PLAYFUL DOG

Young Man Considerably Relieved When He Learned the Animal Was Not in Earnest.

"Have you seen papa's new dog, Carlo?" she asked as they sat in the parlor.

"Yes," he replied, uneasily. "I have had the pleasure of meeting the dog."

"Isn't he splendid? He is so affectionate?"

"I noticed he was very demonstrative," returned he, as he moved uneasily in his chair.

"He is very playful, too. I never saw a more playful animal in all my life."

"I am so glad to hear you say that."

"Why."

"Because I was a little afraid that when he bit that piece out of me the other evening he was in earnest. But if he was only in play, of course, it's all right. I can take fun as well as anybody."

Shopping Instinct.

A rural postmaster tells this story of one of the patrons of his office, a boy of thrifty, not to say penurious, stock. When the lad comes into the postoffice he will thrust his wizened face up close to the window and, in his slow, Yankee drawl, inquire most earnestly:

"Hev ye got any postal cards?"

"Yes," the postmaster replies.

"Haow much be they t'day?"

"A cent apiece."

Then the boy, screwing up his eyes in the intensity of his thought over the question he has to decide, always stops for a while to weigh the consequences. Finally, he will reply solemnly:

"Wal, I'll take one."—Youth's Companion.

In a Literal Sense.

Juvenile remarks are not always so naughty as they seem. Small Sam, for instance, had no intention of using bad language when he got into such severe trouble in class.

His teacher was trying to press home certain facts concerning a volcano. In reviewing the lesson she drew on the blackboard her own conception of a flaming mountain, using colored crayon with extraordinary effect.

"What is it?" she asked, the picture finished.

The scholars shook puzzled heads.

"You don't know? Well, what does it look like?" the teacher persisted.

Piped Sammie, whose home boasts a colored pictorial Bible:

"I think it looks like hell."—Chicago Record-Herald.

No Indulgence.

Mrs. Alec Tweedie of the Eugenics Education society of London, said at a reception in New York:

"Eugenics will save the son from paying for the sins of his father. Eugenics shows us that there has been no escape heretofore from these penalties. In the matter of eugenics it is not as it was with Spence.

"'Let bygones be bygones,' Spence indulgently said to his old debts, as he started in to make some new ones."

Neat Differentiation.

Senator Lodge, at a dinner in the Back Bay district of Boston indicated very neatly the difference between a statesman and a politician.

"A statesman," he said, "thinks of the next generation; a politician of the next election."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents. Adv.

Of Course.

"What did your lawyer say when you stated your purpose to him?"

"He said it was fees-ible."

A girl may toss her hand even if she can't throw a stone.

TAKE FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS For Backache Rheumatism Kidneys and Bladder

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClere Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Colds and correct disorders of the stomach and bowels. *Used by Mothers for 22 years.* At all Druggists 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

TRADE MARK.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

DROPSY TREATED. Give quick relief, usually remove swelling and short breath in a few days and entire relief in 15-45 days, trial treatment FREE. DR. GREENSONS, Box A, Atlanta, Ga.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PISO'S REMEDY Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. 25 CTS. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

HAVE LOCATED A MONEY TRUST

Pujo Committees Will Report it Really Exists.

RULED BY A TRIUMVIRATE.

Proposed Changes In the Banking Laws — The Real Rulers—Principal Findings.

Washington. — A "Money Trust actually exists. J. Pierpont Morgan, George F. Baker and James Stillman, New York's mightiest "money barons" are its triumvirate. Its actual and potential power is a national menace.

These are the three salient conclusions of the Pujo "Money Trust" investigating committee. These are the three striking revelations of months of investigation, which the committee will report probably unanimously.

On the highest authority—the chairman, Representative Pujo, of Louisiana, and its attorney, Samuel Untermyer—it was stated that these are to be the principal features of the committee's "verdict," following the sworn testimony, for the first time in the history of the country, of the nation's greatest financiers.

The Real Rulers.

Here is the Money Trust—its heart—as outlined by a committee member:

"J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank of New York and the National City Bank of New York."

J. Pierpont Morgan is the head of the firm bearing his name; George F. Baker is the ruler of the First National and James Stillman, of the National City.

That the domination of these men, and immediate associates, runs in to many millions of dollars, and through their more distant associates, into billions, it is declared, will be the committee's decree.

Fifteen "lieutenants' of the great army of finance are named—with Morgan, Baker and Stillman as the "generals."

These include mighty millionaires of New York, Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia, with ramifications extending across the continent and even across the Atlantic.

That these 18 giant organizations, with subsidiary interests control $25,325,000,000 in resources, will be declared to be proven.

The "private in the ranks" of the "trust" are said to number 180, with control, or potential interest in practically every large industry of the United States.

The Pujo committee's report is to be denominated an "intermediate filing." This is because of the halting of the inquiry to submit a report before the present Congress adjourns. It will be submitted within 30 days. Complete and sweeping recommendations to curb the "trust" will also be made by the committee. It is learned positively that it will report drastic change of the whole national banking act.

Principal Findings.

As tentatively outlined, briefly, these will be the principal findings:

Control of J. P. Morgan & Co., of banks, having $1,406,000,000 resources and $989,000,000 deposits; of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, with $1,249,000,000 assets; of 12 great railroads, with $4,379,000,000 capital and mileage of 48,000 miles; of innumerable industrial corporations with assets worth scores of billions of dollars.

"Morgan" directors on 39 corporations with resources of $10,036,000,000.

Directors affiliated with George F. Baker's First National Bank in 49 corporations with $11,542,000,000 assets.

Directors affiliated with James Stillman's National City Bank in 47 corporations with $13,205,000,000 assets.

That the concentration of wealth, conceived a generation ago, has been perfected since the 1907 panic, and is still growing.

That "interlocking directorates," lax national bank examination, weak banking laws and passive public interest are the principal causes.

That the more powerful financiers are "partners" and not competitors.

That security issues are divided under an agreement against "poaching" upon competitors' reserves, in financial territories established by unwritten laws of financial ethics.

QUAKE JARS CONSTANTINOPLE.

Shock Severe, But No Loss Of Life Reported.

Constantinople. — A severe earthquake shook the Turkish capital Saturday morning. No loss of life has been reported.

TAFT'S YALE SALARY $5,000.

Will Get Maximum Pay To Upper Grade Of Full Professors.

New Haven, Conn.—The salary at Yale for Prof. William H. Taft as Kent professor of law will be $5,000, which is the maximum salary now paid to the upper grade of full professors. The salary will include the $305 income paid by the Kent endowment itself, the balance being made good from the general fund of the academic department.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreet's says:

"Business is more than up to the seasonal mark, but more or less conservatism is engendered by the disposition of some interests to discuss tariff revision. In the face of this is the overlooming fact that trade continues to move at a steady pace.

"It is true that new business with the steel mills is not so large as it was, but it is probable that the intake of orders equals shipments.

"A negative side to industrial matters is furnished by the continued strike of garment workers at New York, while firemen on eastern roads have apparently assumed a disconcerting attitude.

"Funds are more plentiful for mercantile purposes, for which there is a good demand. Rates are easier, and the withdrawal of gold for export is viewed with equanimity.

"Business failures for the week were 343, which compares with 361 in the like week of 1913."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 108½ elevator and 109½ f o b afloat.; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 102¼ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot quiet; export, 57¾c f o b, afloat.

Oats—Spot steady; No. 3, 39c; No. 4, 38½.

Butter—Factory current make, seconds, 21½@22c.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extras, 26@27c; extra firsts, 25@25½; firsts, 23@24; seconds and lower grades, 21@22, held fresh, average, best, 20@21; poor to fair, 15@19; fresh gathered dirties, 17@18; checks, 15@16; refrigerator firsts, 19½@20½; seconds, 18@19; thirds and poorer, 12@17½.

Live Poultry—Quiet; Western chickens, 13½c; fowls, 15@15½; turkeys, 18. Dressed firm, fresh killed Western chickens, 14@20c; fowls, 14½@17; turkeys, 14@23½.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat No. 2 red, 109½@110½.

Corn—Firmer; trade fair; No. 3 mixed in export elevator, 55@55½c.

Eggs—Lower; Pennsylvania and nearby firsts f c, $7.50 per case; Pennsylvania and other current receipts f c, $7.20 per case; Western firsts f c, $7.20 per case; Western current receipts f c, $6.60@6.90 per case.

Live Poultry—Weak; trade slow; turkeys, 18@19c.

Hay—Firm. Timothy Hay—No. 1, large bales, $19.50@20; No. 1, medium bales, $19@20; No. 2, $17.50@18.50; No. 3, $15@16. Clover Mixed Hay—Light mixed, $17.50@18; No. 1, $16@17; No. 2, $14@15.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red Western, 110; No. 2 red, 109; No. 3 red, 107; steamer No. 2 red, 102. The closing was easier; spot No. 2 red and January, 108¼; February, 110 nominal; March, 112 nominal.

Corn—Contract, 55⅞c; steamer mixed, 53⅜; no established grade, 51⅞.

Oats—No. 2 white, 40@40¼c; standard white, 39@39¼; No. 3 white, 38@38¼; No. 4 white, 36½@37.

Rye—No. 2 Western domestic, 72c; No. 3 do do, 63@64; No. 4 do do, 60@61; bag lots nearby, as to quality, 55@65.

Hay—Timothy—No. 1, $18.50@19; standard, $17.50@18; No. 2, $16.50@17; No. 3, $14@16. Clover mixed—Light, $16@16.50; No. 1, $15@15.50; No. 2, $12.50@13.50; heavy, $13.50@14.50. Clover—No. 1, $13@13.50; No. 2, $11@12.50.

Straw—Rye straw—No. 1 straight, $17.50@18; No. 2 do, $16.50@17; No. 1, tangled, $12.50@13; No. 2 do, $11@12. Wheat straw—No. 1, $8; No. 2, $7@7.50. Oat straw—No. 1, $9@10; No. 2, $8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36; creamery, choice, 34@35; creamery, good, 31@33; creamery, prints, 35@37; creamery, blocks, 34@36; ladles, 23@25; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 22@23.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 19½@20c.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 24c; Western firsts, 24; West Virginia firsts, 23@23½; Southern firsts, 22@23. Recrated and rehandled eggs ½@1c higher.

Live Poultry.—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 14c; do, small to medium, 14; old roosters, 9; young, 16. Ducks—White Pekings, 17c; muscovy, 15@16; puddle, 14@15. Geese—Nearby, 14@15c; Western and Southern, 12@13; Kent Island, 16@18. Turkeys—Choice hens, 20c; young gobblers, 18@19; old toms, 17; rough and poor, 10@12.

Dressed Poultry—Turkeys—Choice, 20@21c; fair to good, 19@20; old toms, 18. Chickens — Young, 16c; mixed, 14@15; old hens, 14; old roosters, 10. Ducks, 16@18c. Geese—Nearby, 15@16c; Western and Southern, 12@14. Capons—Seven lbs and over, 21@22c; medium, 19@20; small and slips, 16@18.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Close: Cattle—Beeves, $5.85@9.20; Texas steers, $4.70@5.70; Western steers, $5.40@7.15; stockers and feeders, $4.80@7.60; cows and heifers, $2.75@7.40; calves, $7@10.75.

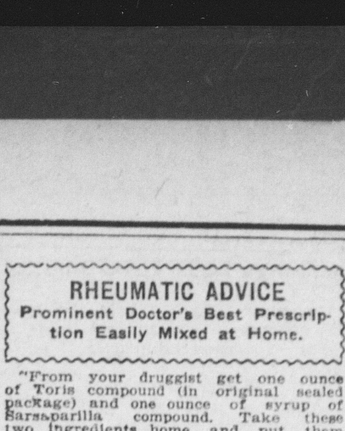
Hogs — Light, $7.20@7.45; mixed, $7.20@7.50; heavy, $7@7.50; dough, $7@7.15; pigs, $5.85@7.45; bulk of sales, $7.30@7.45.

RHEUMATIC ADVICE

Prominent Doctor's Best Prescription Easily Mixed at Home.

"From your druggist get one ounce of Toris compound (in original sealed package) and one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound. Take these two ingredients home and put them into a half pint of good whiskey. Shake the bottle and take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bedtime." This is said to be the quickest and best remedy known to the medical profession for rheumatism and backache. Good results come after the first dose. If your druggist does not have Toris compound in stock he will get it for you in a few hours from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take a patent medicine instead of this. Insist on having the genuine Toris compound in the original one-ounce, sealed, yellow package. Hundreds of the worst cases were cured here by this prescription last winter. Published by the Globe Pharmaceutical laboratories of Chicago.

HABIT.



"That howwid Miss Giggles really laughed at me lawst evening, doncherknow?"

"Well, never mind her—she often laughs at nothing."

ECZEMA FOR TEN YEARS

1809 Little Walsh St., Baltimore, Md.—"I was afflicted with eczema for about ten years, the most tormenting and agonizing. It was dry eczema, all itching. It was scratch, scratch, scratch and burn, burn, burn. By scratching I brought sores which scabbed. I tried all remedies which I knew or heard of; some gave me temporary relief, but none permanent cure. I couldn't sleep for scratching, after which there was burning. I saw the advertisement for free samples of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and wrote for them. They did me good immediately and I then bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap. I was cured in two weeks." (Signed) George Wooden, Jan. 21, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Showing the Goods.

A novel mode of advertising for a wife has been adopted by an inhabitant of a provincial town in England. A photograph of the gentleman is placed in the window of a shop-keeper, and underneath is the following notice: "Wanted; a female companion to the above. Apply at this office."

Whipped Child's Protest.

"Mamma whips you only when she has reason for it."

"I won't stand it any longer, papa! I'm not married to her."

The Reason.

"Why is consistency considered such a jewel?"

"Because it is rare."

A man may worship the woman beautiful, but he usually marries the woman dutiful.

IDEA ANNOYED OLD GOLDE

He Knew From Experience That College Education by No Means Unfitted Boy for Work.

"Woodrow Wilson naturally believes in a college education for boys and girls alike," said a banker at the Princeton club in New York.

"Mr. Wilson, lunching with me here, once said in his quaint way that the old idea about a college education unfitting a lad for work had quite died out.

"We no longer hear," he declared, "stories like that of Gobsa Golde.

"When Gobsa Golde's son Scattergood," he explained, "desired to go to Princeton, he said to the old man:

"'Pater, is it true that boys who go to college are unfit for work afterward?'

"'Of course it ain't true!' snorted the old man indignantly. 'Why, I've got a Princeton graduate runnin' my freight elevator, two of my best coal heavers are Harvard A. B.'s and a Yale B. S. is my star truck driver.'"

New York Flat.

They who have ever flat-hunted in New York know well that, till a rental of $5,000 or $6,000 a year is reached, flats are incredibly cramped. Indeed, in a good neighborhood, even a five-thousand-dollar flat is apt to be a tiny one.

Discussing this phenomenon, Prof. Brander Matthews said at a luncheon:

"I remarked to a lady the other day:

"'Why, madam, your dog wags his tail up and down!'

"'Yes,' she replied, 'he has to. We are comparatively poor, you see, and Fido was raised in a five-thousand-dollar flat.'"

Demagogue.

William H. Maxwell, the superintendent of New York's schools, said the other day, apropos of certain demagogic proposals:

"But the best definition of a demagogue will always remain that of a little girl of seven, who said:

"'A demagogue is a vessel containing beer and other liquids.'"

Trouble for the Future.

First M. D. (from bedside of wealthy bachelor)—He is sleeping naturally—he will recover. Second M. D.—Yes, the worst is over. First M. D.—No, the worst is yet to come. Second M. D.—How is that? First M. D.—We have yet to break the news to his relatives.—Life.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE? Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

Since October 16.

"How's things in Boston?"

"I hear they have added a frieze of baseball bats to the public library."

The Kind.

"What would you recommend as the fish diet for sailors?"

"Roe, of course."

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes. Woolford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

Many a girl fails to select the right husband because she's afraid of being left.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv.

It takes a genius to save money or write good poetry.

Men are like trees; they grow either crooked or straight.

Nature generates facts, but fiction is manufactured by man.

LIFE'S STRUGGLE WITH ILLNESS

Mrs. Stewart Tells How She Suffered from 16 to 45 years old—How Finally Cured.

Euphemia, Ohio.—"Because of total ignorance of how to care for myself when verging into womanhood, and from taking cold when going to school, I suffered from a displacement, and each month I had severe pains and nausea which always meant a lay-off from work for two to four days from the time I was 16 years old.

"I went to Kansas to live with my sister and while there a doctor told me of the Pinkham remedies but I did not use them then as my faith in patent medicines was limited. After my sister died I came home to Ohio to live and that has been my home for the last 18 years.

"The Change of Life came when I was 47 years old and about this time I saw my physical condition plainly described in one of your advertisements. Then I began using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot tell you or any one the relief it gave me in the first three months. It put me right where I need not lay off every month and during the last 18 years I have not paid out two dollars to a doctor, and have been blest with excellent health for a woman of my age and I can thank Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for it.

"Since the Change of Life is over I have been a maternity nurse and being wholly self-supporting I cannot over estimate the value of good health. I have now earned a comfortable little home just by sewing and nursing since I was 52 years old. I have recommended the Compound to many with good results, as it is excellent to take before and after childbirth."—Miss EVELYN ADELIA STEWART, Euphemia, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Away with itching eczema torments!

RESINOL clears skin humors right away. You can't imagine the comfort the first use of it brings.

No matter how long you have been tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin diseases, just put a little of that soothing RESINOL on the sores and the suffering stops right there! Healing begins that very minute, and your skin gets well so quickly you feel ashamed of the money you threw away on useless, foolish treatments.

Prove it yourself, FREE

We send samples of Resinol with directions, free. Write today to Dept. 16K, Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore. All druggists and general stores sell Resinol, 50c. (Large size $1.00.) Also Resinol Soap, 25 cents.

Silk Neckties

as long as they last

Regular $1.00 values sold two for $1.00
" 50c " " three " 1.00
" 25c " " six " 1.00

Delivered, parcel post, our expense. Money must be sent in advance. We guarantee to please or money refunded upon return of ties in an unsoiled and unused condition. Give preference of color desired. The Alpha Co., Germantown, Pa.

Any competent person desiring to better his present position, can learn something of advantage about different ways of getting positions, by sending address to W. R. THOMPSON, SOUTH AMBOY, N. J.

Have You a Disordered Stomach and Liver?

Do you start the day feeling that the whole world is against you? You cannot hope to "make good" under these circumstances. Nobody can. You must have a clear brain and every organ in perfect trim to do justice to yourself.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Will Bring Quick Relief

Dr. R. V. Pierce found years ago that a glyceric extract of Golden Seal and Oregon grape roots, queen's root and bloodroot with black cherry bark, would aid in the assimilation of the food in the stomach, correct liver ills and in nature's own way enrich the blood, tone the entire system and consequently help in the restoration of perfect health. Many who have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery testify that they have been restored to health when suffering from stomach and liver ills. Let this famous old medicine start today to lead you to health and strength.

Now—if you prefer—you can obtain Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription tablets of your druggist at $1 per box, also in 50c size or send 50 one-cent stamps to R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, for a trial box.

You can learn all about hygiene, anatomy, medicine, etc., from the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, a newly revised, up-to-date edition of which is now offered, in cloth covers, post-paid, for 31 cents in one-cent stamps, to cover cost of wrapping and mailing only. Address, Dr. Pierce's Invalids Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Don't be poisoned by sluggish bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules.

The Best Physicians Gave Him Up

"I was attacked with a severe nervous disease, which was caused by a disordered stomach and liver," writes MR. JAS. D. LIVELY, of Washburn, Tenn., Route 2, Box 38. "All my friends thought I would die and the best physicians gave me up. I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and derived much benefit from same. My case had run so long, it had become so chronic, that nothing would effect a permanent cure, but Dr. Pierce's medicine has done much for me, and I highly recommend it. I heartily advise its use as a spring tonic and further advise ailing people to take Dr. Pierce's medicines before their diseases have run so long that there is no chance to be cured."

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1913

LOCALS.

Snow began falling on Tuesday morning.

The man with a furnace in his house gets better acquainted with the cellar than the attic.

There will not be many sales of farm stock and implements in this locality during March.

It is a five-passenger Overland car that Farmer Al. Rishel, of near Bellefonte, is driving.

Mrs. J. A. Kreamer, of State College, this week is the guest of Miss Tillie Keller, and Mrs. T. L. Moore in Centre Hall.

Miss Besse Breon, who has been among friends in Altoona and other points for several weeks, returned home on Wednesday.

Merrill Miller, of Hyner, a telegraph operator on the Pennsy, was a guest of his brother Harry Miller, in Centre Hall, and also visited his sister, Mrs. W. B. Bressler, east of town.

Wilbur Henney contemplates making sale of his livery outfit some time during March, most likely the 29th of that month. He will also sell some new furniture, such as cabinets, side boards, etc.

W. H. Bartholomew, bookeeper from the McNitt-Huyett Lumber Company at their Waddle plant, was unable to attend to his duties for a few days during the beginning of this week on account of a severe cold.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Huyett attended the funeral of David Sterrett McNitt, whose death is noted elsewhere in this issue. Mr. McNitt and Mr. Huyett were closely associated in business affairs outside the McNitt-Huyett Lumber Company.

James C. Bitner, of Hastings, Nebraska, who came east to visit his brothers and other relatives in Penns Valley, was among the Reporter's callers on Monday. Mr. Bitner owns several farms in Kansa, but prefers to labor for others, and consequently has rented his farms and engages with farmers in Nebraska.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Decker and little son, Perry, are already making preparations to move to Reedsville, where they will begin housekeeping. Mr. Decker has secured work in the foundry at Burnham. The young couple, since their marriage a year ago, have been living at the home of Mrs. Decker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Krise, at Potters Mills.

The middle of last week, Samuel M. Goodhart, of Johnstown, came to Centre Hall to visit his mother, brother and sisters, and to see his little son, who has been at the Alfred Durst home for several months. Mr. Goodhart is first assistant to the manager of the Rothart Company, in Johnstown, who handle every thing in the housefurnishing line. He began in a much humbler position but gradually advanced next to the "boss".

A few nights ago several dogs got into the sheep pen on the Huyett farm, west of Centre Hall, and injured several sheep to such an extent that they had to be killed. The dogs, contrary to the usual behavior of their kind under such circumstances, took refuge in a near by shed, where they were found the next morning and penned up. The Potter township auditors met on Monday and awarded the owners, Huyett and Luse, damages. The dogs were sent to dog heaven.

Aaronsburg.

Beckie Snyder spent Sunday at Penn Hall.

Mrs. Lizzie Haines spent Friday with her brother in Millheim.

Mr. Stahl, of Milton, is the guest of his sister Mary at the home of Mrs. E. J. Deshler.

William Walters and daughter, of Woodward, were the guests of the former's uncle and aunt.

Mr. and Mrs. Eisenhaurer and son Harry spent Sunday with their children at Penn's Cave.

John Rupp, formerly of this place now of New York state, was calling on his many friends here.

Mrs. Carrie Harter, of Millheim, formerly of this place is at present keeping house for William Krape.

Mrs. George McCormick and son William, of Potters Mills, are spending a week with E. G. Mingle.

Misses Jennie Gramley and Edna Whitney, of Millheim were welcome callers in town on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. William Houser, of Bellefonte, was the welcome guest for a few days with her aged mother, Mrs. Lenker.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Winklebiech visited at the home of the latter's brother John Detwiler, near Centre Hall.

Robert Zerbe and sister Mary spent the sabbath very pleasantly with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hosterman.

On Tuesday of this month Mrs. Mary Mowery accompanied her daughter to Oklahoma. Her many friends are wishing her a safe journey.

Mrs. Frank Weiser and daughter Catherine and Mrs. Hackenberg and daughter, of Millheim, spent Saturday with the former lady's sisters, Eliza and Annie Summers.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Measures Introduced in Senate or House by Various Members of general Interest.

Representative Dunn, of Huntingdon county, introduced a measure prohibiting treating in saloons and providing a penalty of from $500 to $5,000 upon any retail liquor dealer who permits treating in his place of business.

Representative Alworth of Lackawanna turned in a bill prohibiting the cross examination of witnesses in court trials in regard to crimes committed more than ten years previous.

Representative Baldwin, of Delaware offered a measure providing that jury lists be printed in pamphlet form.

Party at Cummings Home.

A number of young people were invited to the home of William Cummings, west of Centre Hall, last Friday night, to enjoy the evening in a social way.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Colyer and daughters Helen, Grace and Ruth; Mr. and Mrs. Marton Keller and caughter Margaret; Mrs. John Frazier, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Beightol, Mr. and Mrs James Goodhart, Mr. and Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Bright Bitner, Misses Bertha Brown, Elsie Cummings, Mamie Bloom, Katie Leister, Viola Shearer, Erma Detrow, Hszel Emery, Jennie Stahl, Verna Weaver, Margarett Tressler, Lydia Meeker, Tivola Reish, Maud Meeker, Anna J. Smith, Rosie Smith, Bessie Grove, Mable Brown, Katie McCool, Gertrude and Grace Musser, Bessie Harshbarger.

Lester and Earl Cummings, Bruce Stump, Ralph and Bethard Keller, Elmer Rockey, Rome Gingerich, Grover Weaver, Blair Walker, Emmett and Guy Brooks, Raymond Walker, Adam Smith, Paul Bradford, William Reish, Ralph Dinges, Henry Mitterling, Bruce Stahl, Daniel Bloom, Harry Burris, Bruce Meeker, Charles Miller, John Condo, Grove Hagen, Howard Frazier, Roy Smith, Leslie Miller, John Peck, John Bitner.

BROKE IT GENTLY.

He Didn't Know Exactly What to Do, So They Came to His Rescue.

A young author and critic, who has come to be an authority upon a certain modern phase of educaion, went a few days ago to deliver his first lecture at a girls' school. He had lectured before, but never at a young ladies' seminary, and as two white frocked, curly haired ushers led him out to the platform and he sat down beside the matronly principal among the women who made up the faculty and faced a sea of girls' faces he was young enough to feel a bit of embarrassment himself. It was rather difficult at first, but once the lecture was started things went all right.

He finished what he had to say and sat down. The audience and the matronly principal and the women who made up the faculty clapped their hands enthusiastically. Then the applause died down and silence settled upon the lecture hall. The young man sat on waiting for some one to say something, dimly conscious that a move of one kind or another was expected of him. But his lecture was finished. He had said all he had to say. There were no questions from faculty or students. A few of the girls began to fidget, but no one spoke.

The young man became unpleasantly aware that he was expected to do something and to do it at once, but he did not know what to do. He reflected miserably that he did not know the etiquette of a girls' school anyhow. And then there was a signal from the principal and a move in the audience, and the prettier of the two girl ushers approached him, a little embarrassed, a little shy, determined to do her duty.

"I'm so sorry, Mr. B.," she murmured, "but I'm afraid you'll have to—you'll have to start right this minute if you want to make your train!"—New York Times.

Careful With Their Lemons.

"In English inns," said a man who had just returned from a long coaching trip in England, "they do not use lemons in our haphazard fashion. They make the use of one more or less of a solemn rite. I remember asking for a 'horse's neck' in a little inn in the north country. The landlord had never heard of the drink, and I explained to him that it was ginger ale with a lemon peel in it. He went back to the bar and returned presently with an empty tray. 'I'm very sorry, sir,' he said, 'but we haven't got a lemon open just now.'"—New York Tribune.

His Disease.

When Lord Chancellor Campbell, then plain Campbell, married Miss Scarlett and departed on his wedding trip, Justice Abbott observed when a cause was called on in the bench:

"I thought, Mr. Brougham, that Mr. Campbell was in this case."

"Yes, my lord," replied Brougham; "but I understand he is suffering from Scarlett fever."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Would Be Terrible.

"The doctors are going to operate on her."

"What's wrong?"

"Something about the coat of her stomach, I understand."

"I hope they don't find its out of style. She'd never get over that."—Kansas City Journal.

Every man is occasionally what he ought to be perpetually.—Dr. Johnson.

CHANCE FORECASTS.

Writers of Old Who Dimly Pointed to Modern Inventions.

Chance phrases in the literary works of other days describe with uncanny exactness inventions of far later times. For instance, we find in the "Prolusions" of Strada the Roman, which were published in the year 1617, what might be held to embody a crude description of wireless telegraphy.

Strada represents two friends as carrying on a correspondence by means of a "certain loadstone which has such virtue in it that, if it touches two needles when one of the needles begins to move, the other, although at ever so great a distance, moves at the same time and in the same manner."

In 1674 Robert Hooke published a work wherein he observed that as glasses improve the vision so ways might be found to improve our other senses. "It is not impossible," says he, "to hear a whisper a distance of a furlong, and perhaps the nature of the thing would not make it impossible although that furlong should be ten times multiplied." This seems to be a fair forecast of the telephone.

In "Gulliver's Travels" Swift causes his hero to relate in the voyage to Laputa that the astronomers there "have likewise discovered the two lesser stars or satellites which revolve about Mars." This has been held to constitute a satire on sham science. Nevertheless Professor Asaph Hall a few years ago discovered the two tiny satellites.

It was more than 1,700 years ago that Lucian gave an account of the manner wherein the inhabitants of the moon drank "air squeezed or compressed into a goblet" so that it formed a kind of dew. This clearly suggests liquid air.

The same writer in "Vera Historia" humorously and at some length describes an aerial ship the sails of which were inflated by a whirlwind, thus impelling it through space to the moon.—Harper's.

SYSTEMS IN GAMBLING.

Monte Carlo Just Smiles at Them and Keeps on Winning.

There are only two games played at Monte Carlo—roulette and a simple card game called trente et quarante. One is assured that these games are played quite fairly and that the percentage in favor of the bank is 61 to 60. Whatever it may be, this certain percentage in favor of the tables overcomes all systems that human ingenuity can work out by any law of averages. M. Blanc will permit you to play any way you like, and to double your bet as often as you like until it reaches 6,000 francs at roulette or 20,000 francs at trente et quarante. Then you must begin over again, for it is quite clear that if one were permitted to double indefinitely it would only be a question of time and sufficient money to put M. Blanc out of business.

Thus it happens that M. Blanc, who takes no chance, wins against all those who are permitted to take any sort of chance they like. Sir Hiram Maxim disposed of all systems when he shattered a popular delusion in these words:

"If red has come up twenty times in succession it is just as likely to come up at the twenty-first time as it would be if it had not come up before for a week. Each particular coup is governed altogether by the physical conditions existing at that particular instant. The ball spins round a great many times in a groove. When its momentum is used up it comes in contact with several pieces of brass and finally tumbles into a pocket in the wheel which is rotating in an opposite direction. It is a pure and unadulterated question of chance, and it is not influenced in the least by anything that has ever taken place before or that will take place in the future."—Melville Davisson Post in Saturday Evening Post.

Bringing Up a Dog.

A writer in Country Life In America gives some advice on the bringing up of a dog. As he tells it, the process looks easy enough. The first and most important lesson for a pup to learn is to stop anything he may be doing when you say "Stop" and to continue when you say "All right." If well learned this will explain to him all future commands. After this comes the lesson to lie down when you command "Down" and to stay down while you leave him. For this latter it is best to tie him to something and then if he does not drop when you call "Down" from a distance return quickly and, scolding, push him down forcibly. A caress and a taste of food should be his reward if he does right.

Old Time School Hours.

In Scotland, up to the middle of the eighteenth century, the usual school hours were from 6 a. m. till 6 p. m., with two breaks of an hour each. Some schools opened an hour earlier and worked so long as daylight lasted. No alteration in the hours was made on Saturday, and even on Sunday a certain amount of school work was done. The holidays were restricted to a day at Candlemas and at Whitsun, and a fortnight in the autumn.

Good Time Coming.

"I tell you, Binks," said the millionaire, with great gusto, "talk about your fun! There's none to equal that of earning a million, dollar by dollar."

"By ginger," said little Binks, "what a lot of fun there is ahead of me!"—Harper's Weekly.

Pretty Meek.

Blobbs—Henpeckke always reminds me of a mouse. Slobbs—Nonsense! If he was anything like a mouse his wife would be afraid of him.—Philadelphia Record.

Advertise it in the Reporter.

STANDARDIZATION OF PARTS.

Eli Whitney's Scheme Revolutionized the Manufacturing Business.

The system of the standardization of parts, now so universal, originated with Eli Whitney, the inventor of the cotton gin, when he undertook to make muskets. The government gave him a contract in 1793 for 10,000 stands of arms, although he had no "plant" for their manufacture. He built a small factory in New Haven, Conn., and began work, but found a great obstacle in the difficulty of getting good workmen, especially those capable of acting as foremen under his novel methods.

His plan, as is pointed out by George Iles in a recent original study of Whitney's achievements, was to make of his factory a single huge machine. In an armory before Whitney's day each man, highly skilled, produced by himself a distinct part of a musket. This division of labor Whitney supplanted by so apportioning work that little or no skill was demanded. He separated the various tasks and at each of these operations kept a group busy. For their assistance he simplified each operation and introduced three aids since indispensable in manufacture—drilling by templets or patterns, filing by jigs or guides and milling irregular forms.

From first to last a model musket was copied with precision so that every lock, for example, was exactly like every other among thousands. When all the parts needed to form a weapon were assembled they united much superior to a musket formed on any other plan. In case of repair a new part exactly fitted the place of an old part and at a trifling cost.

In order to accomplish his purpose and carry out his contract, whose execution was much prolonged, Whitney was obliged to invent new tools and machines at every step, none of which was patented. By doing so he not only greatly improved the finish and accuracy of his guns and the speed of their manufacture, but so impressed the value of the idea of standardization upon the minds of manufacturers that it was presently applied in other trades and has long since become the rule in manufacturing.—Harper's.

A CHAMPION SPELLER.

Horace Greeley Was a Wonder When Only Six Years of Age.

No champion of the old time spelling matches, perhaps, ever excelled Horace Greeley. He was, in fact, a spelling prodigy. What would the boys and girls of today, who grumble over their daily stint of twenty words, think of a child not yet six years old who could actually spell every word in the language! That is what the young Horace is said to have been able to do.

His schooling began in his fourth year, and the art of spelling at once became a passion with him. In school and out he kept incessantly at its study. Hour after hour he would lie on the floor, spelling over all the difficult words he could find in the few books that the family owned.

The fame of his prowess spread. Naturally Horace was the first one chosen at spelling matches. He had a lisping, whining voice and spelled his words with the utmost confidence. Sometimes in winter, when the snowdrifts were so deep that one of the big boys had to take him to the schoolhouse on his back, the little white haired fellow would drop asleep between turns. When his word came round his neighbor would nudge him anxiously. He would wake, spell his word and drop asleep again at once.

So great was the boy's reputation as a student of unusual powers that the selectmen of a neighboring town, in passing a rule forbidding the attendance at the local school of any pupil from outside the township, honored him by adding the clause, "Excepting only Horace Greeley."—Youth's Companion.

Sarcastic.

This incident is related of a Scotch doctor, new to the gun, who adventured upon a day's rabbit shooting.

Chased by the ferrets, bunny was a rather quick moving target, and the medico was not meeting with the success he anticipated.

"Hang it all, man," he exclaimed impatiently to the keeper who accompanied him; "these beasts are too quick for me!"

"Aye, doctor," the pawky keeper replied, "but ye surely didna expect them tae lie still like yer patients till ye kill them?"

Yet He Liked Fresh Air.

"My husband was at a smoker Saturday night and never got home until about 1 o'clock."

"Was that why he wasn't at church Sunday morning?"

"No; he says the ventilation is so poor in church and the atmosphere always gets so heavy that he can't keep awake."—Judge.

A Surprise Coming.

Pastor's Wife — You understand, Mary, that I am only "at home" on Wednesday from 3 to 5. Mary—Yes, ma'am. Then to herself: "Mary, what a heavenly situation you have got! The mistress only at home for two hours every week!"—Exchange.

Always Late.

"Men are always late. I have waited here since 7 o'clock for my husband to come. Now it is half after 8."

"And when were you to meet him?"

"At 5 o'clock."—Lustige Blatter.

His Finish.

"He slipped on the polished floor and killed himself."

"Sort of a hardwood finish, eh?"—Princeton Tiger.

Centre Reporter, $1 per year.

Mrs. A. R. Tabor, of Crider, Mo., had been troubled with sick headache for about five years, when she began taking Chamberlain's tablets. She has taken two bottles of them and they have cured her. Sick headache is caused by a disordered stomach for which these tablets are especially intended. Try them, get well and stay well. Sold by all dealers. adv.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Forty-ninth Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 21st day of December, 1912, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

FOURTH MONDAY OF FEBRUARY

being the 24th day of February, 1913, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 24th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 14th day of January in the year of our Lord, 1913 and the one hundred and thirty-sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Jan. 14, 1913.

Farm Machinery
Gasoline Engines
Fertilizers
Binder Twine
Repairs for Machinery

The undersigned is prepared to furnish anything in the above, lines at most reasonable rates.
Farm machinery includes a full line of hay tools, etc.

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

H. C. SHIRK
Centre Hall, Pa.
15tf

Winter is here
and we have on hand

Good Heavy Underwear
Extra Heavy Hose

Rubbers
—Light Weight and Heavy

Also, a few more
Bed Blankets
in Cotton and All Wool, in Fancy Plaids

Robes and Horse Blankets

Dress Goods
in all the plain and fancy weaves for Coats, Suits; Serges for Coats.

All Overs and Laces
and wide insertion to match.

Call and see. We will save you money.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

FIRE, LIFE and ACCIDENT
INSURANCE

Consult us before placing your risks.

W. H. Bartholomew & Son
Centre Hall, Pa.

When in need of good
MEN'S FOOTWEAR
We sell the Ball Band Heavy GUMS and ARCTICS at the lowest prices.

Hood Rubbers-first quality
Light weight rubbers, the best to be had. Also the best makes of Men's, Boy's and Children's

Shoes at lowest prices
Winter is here; you will need good footwear. Don't forget that the best is to be had at the store of

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY"
SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

Here is a remedy that will cure your cold. Why waste time and money experimenting when you can get a preparation that has won a world-wide reputation by its cures of this disease and can always be depended upon? It is known everywhere as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and is a medicine of real merit. For sale by all dealers. adv